RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XIV NO. 160— BOMBAY THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1926. ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.
P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			10,918
3 July	MOREA		10,902
10 „	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	16,568
17 „	RAJPUTANA		15,993
24 „	RAZMAK	NALDERA‡	16,619
31 „	RAWALPINDI		16,586
7 Aug.	RAZMAK	RANPURA*	7,952
14 „	CHINA		16,227
21 „	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA‡	
28 „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430 / 11,089
4 Sept.	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	8,982
11 „	KASHMIR		20,847
18 „	DEVANHA	MOOLTAN‡	16,568
25 „	RAJPUTANA		10,602
2 Oct.	RAZMAK†		16,619
9 „	RAWALPINDI		20,837
16 „	MALOJA*		16,585
23 „	RANPURA		10,918
30 „	RAZMAK	MOREA*	11,430
6 Nov.	KAISAR-I-HIND		16,993
13 „	RAZMAK	NALDERA‡	16,650
20 „	RANCHI		10,902
27 „	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	16,568
4 Dec	RAJPUTANA		16,227
11 „	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA‡	16,619
18 „	RAWALPINDI		11,089
25 „	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	
1927			16,585
1 Jan.	RANPURA		20,847
8 „	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN‡	11,430
15 „	KAISAR-I-HIND		10,941
22 „	RAZMAK	MALWA*	16,650
29 „	RANCHI		20,837
5 Feb.	RAZMAK	MALOJA‡	16,590
12 „	RAJPUTANA		10,918
19 „	RAZMAK	MOREA*	16,619
26 „	RAWALPINDI		15,993
5 Mar.	RAZMAK	NALDERA	16,585
12 „	RANPURA		16,602
19 „	RAZMAK F i.		7 952
23 „	CHINA S A.		11,430
26 „	KAISAR-I HIND		16 227
2 April	NARKUNDA.		16 650
9 „	RANCHI		10,602
16 „	RAZMAK i.		16,500
23 „	RAJPUTANA		20,847
30 „	MOOLTAN		

‡ Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
i Terminates voyage at Marseilles.
F First Class Passengers only.
S. Extra Steamer at following reduced rates:—
(A) The "China" will call at Karachi leaving that Port on the 24th March.
—1st Saloon to London £80, £70 & £60.
to Marseilles £72, £62 & £56
—2nd Saloon to London £54 & £53.
to Marseilles £50 & £48.
The difference in Passage Rates is according to the position of the Cabins.
Very special berthing arrangements have been made to ensure the comfort of Passengers proceeding by the "China."

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.
These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 24th September 1926, both dates inclusive.
The rates are as follows:—
To London and back by Sea £115
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions £120
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
15th July	MANORA	7,888
29th „	MADURA	8,975
12th Aug.	MANTOLA	8,965
4th Nov.	MANORA	7,888
25th „	MANDALA	8 246
16th Dec.	MANTOLA	8,965

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926		
15th July	NAGPORE *	..Straits, China & Japan.
12th Oct	DEVANHA	..China & Japan
14th „	NARKUNDA	..Australia

* Cargo steamer. Does not call at Colombo.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF SUEZ CORIB, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926		
7th July	KARAGOLA	East & S. Africa.
7th „	BARALA	Busreh via Karachi & P. Gulf.
9th „	VARSOVA	Busreh via Karachi

Owing to the Monsoon season the Monday and Saturday sailings to Karachi via Kathiawar Coast Ports have been discontinued and there will be sailings to Karachi direct every Wednesday and Friday.
Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busreh.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
SINGAPORE CHINA & JAPAN

Steamer.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
GENOA MARU	6785	27 June	13 July
*SADO MARU	5898	28 June	10 July
SYDNEY MARU	4105	5 July	20 July
TOYOOKA MARU	7098	16 July	30 July
*TAMBA MARU	5845	29 July	12 Aug.

*Passenger Steamers.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 26279. Telegrams: "Yusen."

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according to demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
O.S.K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Depart.
xTacoma Maru	J. Kojima	5,850	1 July	10 July
*Sumatra Maru	I. Kavasaki	5,863	9 July	23 „
*Celebes Maru	G. Gotoh	5,863	24 „	6 Aug.
*Indus Maru	T. Shimasaki	4,366	29 „	12 „
*Honolulu Maru	....	5 751	8 Aug.	22 Aug.

x Passenger Steamer.
* Calls at Shanghai.
For particulars apply to:—
T. OHARA, Manager,
'Phone No. 22150, Telegrams: "SHOSEN."
P. O. Box No. 355.
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1874.
NO. 85, MEDOWS STREET,
Behind Currency Bank.
FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 9,84,609.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 50 per cent. surrender values in case life wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
50 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscriptions.
For details apply for a Copy of Rules to
SAJANAND SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

When You Spend so much for Your Clothes why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailor.
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS.
PRINCESS STREET . . BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

ANNAS 4 A DAY
WHICH YOU EASILY & UNKNOWNLY SPEND
IF DEPOSITED UNDER THE ATTRACTIVE SCHEME
OF THE
NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
(INCORPORATED IN INDIA 1907.)
WILL MAKE YOU FREE FROM ANXIETIES AND WORRIES OF BOTH
OLD AGE and FAMILY PROVISIONS
AFTER 25 YEARS
YOU GET Rs. 1,500 IN CASH
AND A POLICY OF Rs. 1,500 FULLY PAID-UP PAYABLE Rs. 3,000 AFTER DEATH
WHETHER YOU DIE EARLY OR LIVE LONG YOU ARE NO LOSER
Give us an opportunity to tell you how is it
For all Particulars and forms apply to:
BRANCH SECRETARY.
Bombay Branch,
Rustom Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay
MARTIN & Co., Managing Agents.
Head Office: 6/7, CLIVE ST. CALCUTTA.
AGENTS WANTED
ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS.

Income-Tax & Super-Tax
Statutory Statement of Account prepared
Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN
B. L. THOSAR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
496-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22397.

BUY THE BEST
KATNI
"CASTLE" BRAND
PORTLAND CEMENT
IS THE BEST
GUARANTEED OVER THE BRITISH STANDARD SPECIFICATION
(REVISED 1925.)
THE KATNI CEMENT & INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
AGENTS:—C. MACDONALD & Co.,
LAXMI BUILDING, BALLARD ROAD, FORT, ... BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

THE VULCAN INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in India.)
Fire, Marine, Motor Car and Workman's Compensation Insurance transacted.
Chairman—Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart.
Chief Agents—Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Son, Ltd.
Head Office—Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED IN UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.
ESTABLISHED :—1910 :
Dividend declared annually since 1922 at 30 %
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 or 8 annas per month. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY 29 Grey Street; CALCUTTA. Or to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agent. Esoof Building, D'Lima Street, Mazagon—Bombay.

B. C. P. W. "ANTISEPTIC Tooth Powder An ideal dentifrice for daily use.
"B. C. P. W." RODOFEN Best Antiseptic Dental Cream
MANUFACTURED BY
BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, Ld.
Can be had from all chemists or from their SOLE AGENTS,
THE POPULAR PHARMACY (Regd.)
(Phone No. 40784.)
18, Lamington Road, GRANT ROAD and at Sandhurst Road, GIRGAUM.

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
WHO KNOWS
What is going to happen ?
But
1. Mumtaz muddle, Bureaucratic tactics, renowned Indian Chiefs driven to misfortunes, Mahatma Gandhi's mental and bodily changes, Ramsay Macdonald Labour Government's expected brutal murder soon after its birth, recent Japan and American Earthquakes, the recent fall in Broach-Cotton from 424, 410 to 340, all these important events, predicted long before, turned exact!
By
THE UNIVERSAL ASTROLOGICAL AND STATISTICAL BUREAU, INDORE, C. I.
2. In your case too their predictions must turn correct; consult and remove your present worries in all matters!!
3. Send your birth data with time, date, month and year with 5 to 10 Rs. remittance and see your past, present and future, how wonderfully and exactly is predicted!!!
! CHECK FAILURES! SAVE LOSSES !
Our representative:—
Short stay:— WATSON HOTEL, Room No. 111, NEAR MUSEUM, BOMBAY.
COTTON FORECAST;—A SPECIALITY.

Prof. GAJJAR'S RENOWNED SPECIFICS.
FOR DIFFERENT CHRONIC COMPLAINTS
AGUE MIXTURE :—For Malaria, Dengue etc.
LIVER SOLUTION :—Best Laxative for Constipation.
TONIC SOLUTION :—For General Debility and in convalescent period.
COUGH PILLS :—For Bronchitis and Cold, Cough etc.
All B. P. Tinctures, Balm, Tooth Powder, Cologne Water, etc.
APPLY TO :—
THE IONIC PHARMACY
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

CLASSIFIED ADVT,

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—2 CHRISTIAN GRADUATES AS TEACHERS on Rs. 80 p.m. one must know Latin. Apply to Box No. 1743, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3462

WANTED—CANDIDATES for the Overseer and SUB-OVERSEER CLASSES. Apply to the MANAGER, Howett Engineering School, Lucknow, for free prospectus of 1926.
A R3383

WANTED—AGENTS for the sale of "Bombay Chronicle" at Nadiad, Mhow, Jubbulpore, Sholapur, Miraj, Bangalore, Mysore and Jhansi. Only those who are prepared to keep security deposit need apply for further particulars to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
A

WANTED—One Hindu experienced SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON, retired in preference for private practice at Jubbulpore, free quarters and Dispensary room in the heart of the city:—Apply to RAI BAHADUR DR. S. N. BARAT, Retired Civil Surgeon, Civil Lines, Jubbulpore.
A R3430

WANTED A VETERINARY ASST. SURGEON for the Kangundi Zemindar to take charge of Poultry Farming, Cattle and Sheep Breeding operations. The salary will be Rs. 60 per mensem plus 50 per cent. of the profits accruing from the Sheep and Poultry operations. A man with some years of experience will be preferred. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. K. J. V. NAIDU, Zemindar of Kangundi, Kuppam Post, N. Arcot Dt., Madras Presidency.
A R3460

WANTED for Khalsa College, Lyallpur, from 6th September, 1926:—(1) Two LECTURERS to teach History, Philosophy, Economics and English to Intermediate Classes. Double M.A.'s in any two of these subjects preferred and a double M.A. in History and Economics specially preferred (2) Two LECTURERS to teach Mathematics. M.A.'s in Mathematics with training qualifications preferred. Applicants should mention the subjects they took in their B.A. Good start and grade for competent men. Apply with copies of testimonials to: S. BISHAN SINGH, Hony. Secretary, Khalsa College Lyallpur.
A R3470

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

DEVLALI Bhagoor Road, furnished "JAI LODGE" and "HOMI VILLA" with garden, well, etc. Please apply JAMSHED SONS, Nasik Road, Devlali, or Tata, 625, Dhobi Talao, Bombay.
C R3455

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS

FINEST KULU FRUIT—Pears from 20th July, Apples 1st August, 9 lbs. fruit Rs. 5/8/-, sent V.P.P. to all parts of India inclusive of packing and postage. Agent: ARAMGARH and RAISEN ORCHARDS, Kulu, PUNJAB.
E R3156

PROFESSION.

SEND your time and date of birth, or writing letter. One year reading Re. 1 Five years Rs. 4-8. Extensive Rs. 10. THE GREAT INDIAN ASTROLOGICAL HALL, Kasimkota, Vizag. Dist.
P R3426

"BEAUTY-BOTTLE"— Cures Baldness, Greyness of Hair, Fallen Manae. Remit Rs. 5. Particulars 2 as. Stamps. N. Roy, 97, Shilmandi, P.O. Mahimpur, Dacca.
R3443

ANY Syphilis Radically Cured by one dose "KEUR." No harm. Remit Rs. 5. N. Roy, Shilmandi, P.O. Mahimpur, Dacca.
a3443

786 (1) NURI Tooth Remedy, Pinch rubbed vigorously cures all pain. Rupee one. 786—(3) NURI CHATAN, Marvellous Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis, Safe Sure Cure. Rupee one. PATEL BROS., Chira Bazar, Bombay, Moulton Co., Chowpati Post, Bombay.
P R3471

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.
(Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS of the Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V. P. P. for annas 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc., PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy), 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment", a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

EDUCATIONAL.

G. D. A. Enrolments have begun at BATLIBOI'S ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE. The finest results achieved by this Institute this year at this Examination positively prove its superior training. The new Session has already commenced from the 21st June. We invite thorough inquiries before joining. YUSUF BUILDING, Fort Bombay.
M26773

TECHNICAL AND COMMERCIAL TRAINING.—A thorough knowledge of your Profession or Trade is essential to ensure success in your career. We can train you in your spare time and shall send you full particulars of our courses. Apply (stating your profession) to the REGISTRAR, INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF LONDON, 17, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay.
M 24391

FOR SALE AND WANTED.

FOR SALE—GLAZED NEWSPRINT in 17½ inches Reels (Manufactured in Scandinavia). Very good quality. Apply MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."
N

DISPENSARY MATERIALS— DRUGS, INSTRUMENTS, FURNITURE, etc., in sound condition to fit up a new dispensary, TO BE SOLD for Rs. 350. Apply immediately to Box No. 1747, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R3469

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle"
Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

WANTED—One secondhand Half Press and Finisher and Pump for baling 400lbs. cotton. Apply Box No. 1714, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
K. R3342

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Interim Dividends have been declared namely:—

Rs. 150 per share on 100 Original Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

Rs. 7/8 per share on 40,000 Shares of Rs 125 each.

Rs. 3 per share on 83,990 Shares of Rs. 125 each (Rs. 50 paid-up.)

The above Interim Dividends are payable on and after 2nd August to shareholders whose names are on the register at the close of business on 17th July, 1926, on presentation of Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 19th July to 31st July, 1926, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

Bombay, 7th July, 1926.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2250 of 1925.

Sir MAHOMED YUSUF HAJI ISMAIL, of Bombay, Mahomedan, residing at Naoha House, Queen's Road. ..... Plaintiff.

Versus.

SHAVAKSHAW DINSHAW DAVAR, of Bombay, Parsi, residing at Girgaum Road. ..... Defendant.

To,

SHAVAKSHAW DINSHAW DAVAR, Esq., Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the plaintiff abovenamed has applied for execution of the Decree, dated 23rd day of March, 1926, by attachment of the leasehold, right, title, and interest of the defendant abovenamed in the immoveable property, situate at Gilder Street, bearing New Survey No. 1A 7012 2/7011 in Bombay and assessed under D Ward Nos. 4597, 4618, 4619, 4621, 4622, 4626 and 4631 and Street Nos. 120B, 122, 124, 126, 120 and 2

Please take notice that the Defendant is hereby prohibited from transferring, or charging, the abovementioned property, in any way and all persons are also hereby prohibited, from receiving the same, from the defendant by purchase, gift, or otherwise until further order of this Honourable Court

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 23rd day of June, 1926.

(Seal of the High Court at Bombay.)

R. B. PATELL,
Acting Prothonotary.

E. J. DAVAR.

The 23rd day of June, 1926.

Messrs. PAYNE & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
26915

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 10th instant, at at 3.30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

By order of the concerned:—
About 455 yards Khaki bord cloth.
About 325 yards Green Khaki.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Bay Arab Horse in harness.
1 Waler Horse in harness.

FURNITURE SALE AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD.

On SUNDAY, the 11th instant at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Girgaum Back Road, "Parakh" Wadi, household furniture, such as dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumbwaiters, carpets, electric lamps and fans, writing tables, book cases, Chesterfields, drawing room suites, cabinets, ornaments, single wooden and iron cots, almyrahs, blackwood carved furniture, cupboards, dressing and wash hand tables, hat stands, one sweet tone cottage piano, phonograph, ice box, wall clocks, teapoys, easy chairs, etc., etc. Property of a gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT PAREL ROAD, NEAR VENUS CINEMA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Attorneys for Messrs. Sheriff Devejee Canji and Dawoodbhoy Nensee, Trustees of the late will of the deceased Dawoodbhoy Fazulbhoy Messrs BENNET & CO., will this day THURSDAY, the 8th instant sell by Public Auction at 5 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following:—

All that piece of leasehold land or ground with the buildings thereon situate on the east side of Parel Road admeasuring about 179 square yards and registered in the Collector under New Survey No. 1/3620, Cadastral Survey No. 792, Mazagaon division and bounded on the east by the property of Kassamali Jairajbhai Pirbhai on the West by the said Parel Road, on the north by the property of Allarkhia Jivraj and on the south by the property of the Trustees of Damoderdas Tapidas Charitable Trust Fund and which said messuages or tenements are assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No. 7488 and Street No. 89.

For further particular and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the trustees or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

BLACK HAIR-DYE.

It turns grey hair in 2 minutes of application into Black. No dye is like it and none will give you such satisfaction. R. U. Secretary of H. E. H. Nizam's Government writes from Hyderabad: "We used many hair dyes, Indian and English, but found yours the best of all. Re. 1 As. 4 for 1 box; Rs. 3 As. 4 for 3 boxes. Postage extra. Dr. Bhaishankar J. Vaid, Kazi's Dhabba, Matta Pole, Ahmedabad City.

ASTROLOGER, who predicted Mahatma Gandhi's Release.
Send Your Horoscope or the time of letter writing. Arudam 5 questions, Re. 1; each extra question As. 4. Annual reading (Monthly detail), Rs. 2. For businessmen (Weekly detail), One year; Rs. 10. Complete life-reading, (Daily) 500. For other particulars, Apply to:—THE MANAGER, Hanuman Astrological Office, Tiruttani, Chittoor District. (*Correspondence in English only.*)

THE ANDHRA PATRIKA writes: "We received on 7-11-1923 from V. K. Satagopacharier, Tiruttani a letter (published in our issue, 12-11-23), predicting that Mahatmaji will be released on 5-2-1924 at 7 a. m. It so happened. We heartily commend the marvellous capabilities of his astrologer to the public."

AMUSEMENTS.

DON'T MISS THE FUN! AN AVALANCHE OF LAUGHS
HAROLD LLOYD IN 'NOW OR NEVER'
3 REEL COMEDY.
PATHE SUPER GAZETTE includes THE DERBY.
Time 6-30 and 10 P.M.
PATHE CINEMA—ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT and During this Week
Sharda Film Company
Presents
"GULAB THE VIRTUOUS"
Featuring
Miss MARY and Miss TARA
ALSO BEAUTIFUL
STAGE DANCE
BY
Miss SHANTADEVI.
Daily at 5-15, 7, 8-15 and 10-30
KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE
NEW CHARNI ROAD

LAST WEEK! LAST PERFORMANCE!!
Under the kind patronage of
H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda
GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI
Will stage
AT THE RIPON THEATRE
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY
On SATURDAY, 10th July, 1926, at 8-30 P.M.
SWAYAMWAR.
On SUNDAY, 11th July, 1926, at 3 P. M.
MENAKA.

2 DAYS 2
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
TO SEE
HINDOCSTAN FILM CO.'S MYTHOLOGICAL PICTURE
BHAKTA PRALLHAD
AT
NOVELTY CINEMA
Grant Road—Tram Terminus
TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

CINEMA MAJESTIC
Presents THIS WEEK
Maharashtra Film Co.'s
"BHAKTA PRAHALAD"
Time and Rates as Usual.

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THE tried specific for Ague, Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas Fourteen.
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Karnik's AGUE Mixture

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 22736.

Sale of Immoveable Properties situate at Surti Moholla and Bellasis Road and at Ripon Road to be put up for sale by Public Auction under instructions from Messrs Unwalla Peerozshaw and Papa, Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Virjee Peraj, Kessavjee Damjee, Heerjee Mooljee, Tejpal Nursey, Madhavjee Cullianjee and Bhimjee Peeraj, the Trustees of the Chaturbhuj Cutchi Lohana Orphanage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Ammamiya Shaik Hassan Chooiker and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 15th January, 1923.

Lot No. 1: Sale on SATURDAY, 10th July, 1926, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises: Quit and Ground Rent land admeasuring about 416 square yards with dwelling house standing thereon situate at Surti Moholla and Bellasis Road bearing Collector's Old Nos. 560, 561, New Nos. 7792, 7793 Old Survey Nos. 2577, 2578, New Survey Noc. 4018, Cadastral Survey Nos. 1442 and Registered by the Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 617, 699, Street Nos. 7, 128, 130.

Lot No. 2: Sale on MONDAY, 12th July, 1926 at 4130 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises: Foras land admeasuring about 240 square yards with dwelling house standing thereon situate at Ripon Road bearing Collector's New No. K.1, 13,645, New Survey No 36-3,554, Cadastral Survey No. 1,722 and Registered by the Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 3,877 (26) Street No. 647.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Unwalla Pecrozshaw and Papa at 76, Medows Street, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers.

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BIRJAYA RASAYANA

World's best tonic and vitaliser. It combines the ancient Indian recipes with the latest discoveries of modern science. It infuses new life and vitality to the weak and impotent. Strongly recommended in cases of absence of vigour, relaxation, feebleness and premature senility. Its stimulating power is so great that even an old man will feel the vigour of a youth. For increasing the retentive power it stands unrivalled. No drug can equal it far less surpass it. Trial will convince you.

S. Biswas, Berhampore:—Your medicine has again enabled me to enjoy connubial happiness.
B. Mittra Nadia:—Very effective. It is a gift to impotents.
H. Sarbadhikary, Gorakhpur:—Simply astonished at the marvellous effects.
T. Gopalam, Madras:—Regained my virility by your renowned Medicine alone.
Price—Ordinary Rs. 5, with musk, Gold and Makaradhwajya Rs. 10.
Local Stimulant—To be used externally in case of advanced impotency Rs. 5, V.P.P. extra.
THE KRISHNA CHEMICAL WORKS,
21, Sukia Street
Post Box 11435 (S.C.), CALCUTTA.

If you want to pay for the article and not for the name BUY VIEL-O-PHONE NEEDLES they are equal to any best needles sold in India At HALF the price. Do not matter under what name or Marks they are.

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Besides machines, needles, we stock Albums, record cases and Spare parts, main springs prices on request.

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ANANGA PROBHA YAKUTI
is the best nerve tonic for overworked and used up energy and the quickest stimulant for rejuvenating the old a hopeless impotent. This is the leading tonic of the day. Price Rs. 10 for 30 Pills.
ANANGA PROBHA OIL.
An exernal liniment of the highest efficacy to bring about rapid and lasting sensation in the most hopeless impotent. Rs. 15 for a Tola.
Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshabji,
177 (B.), Harrison Road, Calcutta.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

July 7.

Cleanthis, Vijiotis, Calcutta.
Zarantia, Culley, Liverpool.
Stanley Hall, Stonz, Karachi.

DEPARTURES.

July 8.

Castalia, Munro, Liverpool.
Arabistan, Ohta, Rangoon.

LOADING.

July 7.

Steamer Sydney Maru for Kobe.
Steamer Wildenfels for Hamburg.
Steamer Bankura for Busreh.
Steamer Razmak for Aden.
Steamer Nurjehan for Java.

IMPORTS.

July 7.

S S Neidenfels from Hamburg, Agents Lionel Edwards Ltd:—From Antwerp: 2001 cases vegetable oil, 2877 cases vegetable products, 337 cases rivets, 115 cases wine, 1005 cases window glass, 563 cases brandy, 100 cases aluminium circles, 200 cases wire nails, 35 cases glass ware, 43 cases plate glass, 102 cases syrup, 60 cases brass wire, 60 cases candles, 28 cases panel pins, 50 cases hoes, 409 bundles galvanized C sheets, 356 bundles steel rods, 2955 bundles steel sheets, 1893 bundles steel hoops, 705 bundles steel circles, 4803 bundles 1468 pieces steel bars, 936 pieces and bundles steel tees and joists, 1877 pieces and bundles steel angles and plates, 1416 pieces and bundles steel beams, 339 bundles and pieces tubes, 300 bundles 50 packages copper sheets, 275 packages condensed milk, 40 packages iron, 184 pieces and bundles galvanized iron tubes, 592 pieces and bundles steel boiler tubes, 53 pieces and bundles gas tubes, 576 pieces and bundles galvanized gas tubes, 210 pieces and bundles steel channels, 91 crates cement sheets, 188 crates tiles, 200 D/bags sulphate of ammonia, 100 D/bags sulphur sulphate, 1000 bags soda ash, 825 bags 160 cases 769 D/bags bolts and nuts, 74 bags broken tiles, 24 cases washing blue, 32 cases blue cut tacks, 22 cases dyes dry, 10 cases art silk, 75 cases 50 barrels colours, 175 barrels 20 cases aniline salt, 20 cases hollow glass ware, 56 cases china clay, 200 cases salmiack brickets, 10 cases 16 barrels dyes paste, 114 coils copper wire, 336 coils galvanized barbed wire, 140 drums sulphate of sodium, 42 drums chloride of zinc, 28 bales straw boards, 10 cases playing cards, 17 cases chemical products, 26 cases cigarettes, 10 cases 15 bales paper, 18 cases champagne, 8 casks zinc sheets, 5 cases wire netting, 8 rolls lead sheets, 5 cases lamps.

From Hamburg:—32 cases earthenware, 24 cases glass ware, 100 cases iron, 105 cases hardware, 57 cases enamelled ware, 77 cases china ware, 49 cases tin hollow ware, 135 cases iron ware, 16 cases aluminium ware, 15 cases tin ware, 53 cases tin boxes, 65 cases brushes, 88 cases safety matches, 32 cases window glass, 40 cases boots, 70 cases camphor powder, 32 cases umbrella fitting, 300 cases beer, 32 cases chains, 34 cases tin lamps, 20 cases lamps and parts, 105 cases iron padlocks and accessories, 65 cases cotton and art silk goods, 36 cases imitation jewellery, 28 cases Berlin wool, 21 cases cotton and woollen goods, 54 cases German silver circles, 25 cases marbles, 20 cases playing cards, 126 cases dyes dry, 205 cases slate pencils, 940 cases school slates, 36 cases bolts and nuts, 20 cases iron nails, 43 cases 403 bales envelops and paper, 35 bales carriage tyring, 16 crates 405 cases hollow glass, 134 cases toys, 46 cases colour, 19 cases iron goods, 38 cases steel hammer, 1147 cases common spirit, 30 cases china door knobs, 30 cases tanning extract, 14 cases clocks, 29 cases 100 pieces tools, 15 cases pulp boards, 19 cases leonic goods, 43 cases typewriters, 13 cases wire netting, 10 cases needles, 26 cases lampware, 12 cases pocket knives, 12 cases hollow glass ware, 12 cases yellow metal sheeting, 100 crates lamps globes, 36 crates mill globes, 57 cases buttons, 50 kegs Epsom salt, 40 kegs antimony salt, 150 cases safety fuses, 17 cases harmless chemical, 40 carboys formalehyd, 334 D/bags broken tiles, 50 cases wine, 21 cases cottons, 12 cases porcelain, 125 drums chloride of magnesium, 200 kegs 75 barrels 700 casks chlorate of potash, 100 casks mercury oil, 12 barrels paraffin solid, 566 cases wonder candles L/ zinc, 349 bundles copper sheets, 400 bundles yellow metal sheets, 400 bundles yellow metal squares, 650 bundles yellow metal circles, 20 cases sugar of lead, 38 pieces and bundles bar steel, 50 bags farina, 10 cases cutlery, 10 cases steel goods, 20 cases lamp chimneys, 20 bales rubber tyres and tubes, 11 cases art silk and cotton laces, 11 casks Berium sulphate, 10 cases rubber ring, 8 cases essential oil, 10 cases tin hollow boxes, 60 cases tiles, 10 cases files, 10 cases rubber heels.

From Bremen:—83 cases padlocks, 63 cases toys, 12 cases copper wire, 250 cases wire nails, 275 cases beer, 12 cases old files, 11 cases hollow ware, 30 cases brass wire, 15 cases 20 bags empty bottles, 406 crates empty glass bottles, 50 kegs iron ware, 100 casks cement, 600 reels barbed wire, 134 reels galvanized barbed wire, 125 bags rivets, 1100 bags 250 D/bags Epsom salt, 170 D/bags 20 bags bolts and nuts, 100 bags broken earthenware tiles, 757 pieces steel angles, 123 pieces steel bars, 500 bundles copper sheets, 16 pieces and bundles brass bars, 16 pieces and bundles brass rods, 36 bales paper, 366 drums chloride of lime, 500 bundles steel sheets, 17 cases ribbons, 19 cases iron hinges, 20 cases chemicals, 5 cases heel tips, 15 cases electric accessories, 13 cases screws, 5 cases sulphate of soda, 10 cases cycles parts and accessories, 5 cases colour.

From Rotterdam:—1080 cases vegetable products, 25 cases beer, 60 cases cheese, 548 cases 74 cases 12 tins dyes dry, 10 tins 800 casks dyes paste, 110 casks hydrosulphate 50 bags dextrine, 31 bags 150 D/bags farina, 42 drums chloride of zinc, 103 drums lubricating oil, 11 cases cottons, 12 cases liquors 10 cases art silk yarn, 6 cases hardware.

S S Bankura from Busreh, Agents M M and Co.:—56 bags old brass, 35 Nos empty oxygen cylinders, 409 Nos iron frames and doors, 83 baskets wet dates, 4 pieces zinc.

From Bushire:—82 bundles wool, 14 bundles skin, 40 bags raisins, 41 bags kernels, 21 bags gum tragacanth, 50 carboys rose water.

From Karachi—13 bundles fish bones, 35 bundles fish maura, 22 bundles methi kathi, 9 bundles coir yarn, 500 bags rice, 80 bags methi, 80 cases fruit, 45 cases electric bulbs, 10 cases dyes dry, 66 bales wool, 398 bales cotton, 114 bags moong, 61 bags cummin seeds, 13 cases dry salted fish, 15 cases motor accessories, 44 cases mangoes, 8 cases lubricating oil.

From Muscat:—133 bags dry dates, 2564 bags sardines, 5 bundles specie.

From Mahomerah:—37 bags gum, 317 bundles wool, 8 bundles attari, 3 bags beans.

From B/Abbas:—40 jottas cotton, 2 bundles specie, 350 bags iron ores, 35 bags raisins.

From Gwadur:—50 bundles Siffi mats, 166 bags fish maura.

From Charber:—427 bundles Siffi mats.

From Dubai:—5 tins pearls, 2 tins pearls and C notes.

From Koweit:—1 bundle specie.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, July 7.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 76/15.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 1931-36 Rs. 93/14.
5 per cent War Loan 1929-47 Rs. 101/12.
5 per cent Loan 1935 Rs 102/10.
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1933 Rs. 103/12.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55 Rs. 108/5.
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1928 Rs. 106/12
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1926 Rs. 100/11
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1927 Rs. 101/14
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1930 Rs. 106/4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931 Rs. 107/4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932 Rs 108/6
6½ per cent. Bombay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) 1935 Rs. 113.
4 per cent. Port Trust 1974 Rs. 87.
4 per cent. Municipal 1974 Rs. 86.
4 per cent. Improvement Trust 1974 Rs 86.
6 per cent. Bombay Municipal 1954 Rs 111.
6 per cent Municipal 1929-49 Rs. 103.
4 per cent Loan 1960-70 Rs. 87/14.
Tone of Market:—Steady.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, July 6.

	£
Cunding Loan 4 per cent	86 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	93 3/8
War Loan 5 per cent	101
Conversion Loan	76 1/8
Indian Loan 5½ per cent	102
Indian Loan 7 per cent	104
Consols 2½ per cent	55 5/8
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent.	56 1/2
Indian Stock 3½ per cent. (Sterling Loan)	70
Government Securities 3 per cent	60

GOLD.

Bombay, July 7.

Ready:—21/6/9.
Vaida Asad:—Opening 21/7/3, highest 21/7/6, at 6 p.m. 21/7/6.
Vaida Sravan:—Opening 21/7/9, highest 21/7/9, at 6 p.m. 21/7/9.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Asad:—Opening 0/1/0.
Vaida Sravan:—Opening 0/2/0.
Tone:—Market quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, July 7.

Ready:—68/12/0
Vaida Asad:—Opening 68/12/0, highest 68/12/3, at 6 p.m. 68/12/3
Vaida Sravan:—Opening 68/10, highest 68/10/3, at 6 p.m. 68/10/3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Asad:—Opening 0/9/0.
Vaida Sravan:—Opening 0/15/0.
Tone:—Market quiet.

The figures of mortality from plague for the week ending June 19, 1926 show that there has been further substantial decrease in epidemic. There were 487 deaths during week as compared with 1,586 deaths during precious week.

The International Co-operators' Day was celebrated at Jalgaon on 3rd instant under the auspices of the East Khandesh Branch of the Central Co-operative Institute. Mr. W. Gilligan, Collector of the District presided.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 7.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 13/16.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 27/32.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 29/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 5/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 15/16.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 1300.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 1370.
Bank's buying D D Frcs 1355.
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 129¼.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 125¼.
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 153¾.
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 201 1/2
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157 1/4.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 276¼.
CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols 4-86.7/16.
London—Paris Frcs 180.75.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.11.
London—Brussels Frcs 188.00.
London—Rome Lirns 142.00.
London—Berlin Marks 20.39.
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market quiet—dull.

London, July 6.

Tele. Transfers 1/5 15/16.
Bar Gold £4/4-10½.
Bar Silver Spot 30 1/8 quiet.

London, July 6.

Rentes 3 per cent 47 1/4.
Bar Silver (Spot) 30 1/8.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 30 3/16.
Tone of Silver:—Small support. Market quiet.
Interest Day to Day Loans 4 per cent.
Interest 7 days Market Loans 4 per cent.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 3/12/25.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 7.

Bank Telegraphic	1/5 27/32
Bank Demand	1/5 7/8
Doc. Acceptance 3 M/st	1/6 1/8
Frcs. Demand	1300
American Dollars	276 1/2
Hongkong Dollars	153¾
Shanghai	201 1/2
Japan	129 1/4
Singapore	157 1/4

Market steady.

London, July 6.

Exchange on London in Paris	182.00.
Exchange on London in Germany	20.42-5/8
Exchange on London in Italy	142.00.
Exchange Stockholm	18.15
Exchange Oslo	22.14
Exchange Amsterdam	12.11¾
Exchange Switzerland	25.11
Exchange Athens	387.50

BULLION.

Bombay, July 7.

Sovereigns Ready Rs. 13/8/0.
Sovereigns Forward Rs. 13/8/0
National Bank Bar Gold 21/11/0
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/7.
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/7/6.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/7/9.
Bar silver ready Rs. 68/12.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 68/13.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 68/11.

London, July 6.

Bar gold ready s. 84-10½.
Silver ready d. 30/2.
Silver forward d. 30/3.
TONE OF SILVER:—
India bought for immediate shipment. Market closed steady.

DISCOUNTS.

London, July 6.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 5/32 p.c.
Discount Indian Bnk Bills 6 m/st 4 3/16 p.c.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 1/4 p.c.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4 p.c.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, July 7.

3 Months 4 5/32 per cent.
6 Months 4 1/4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 2½ per cent.
Money 1 Month 2 1/2 per cent.
Money 3 Months 2 1/2 per cent.
Money 6 Months 2 1/2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.
Imperial Bank Rate 4 per cent.

SHARES.

London, July 6.

Hongkong Bank	£132 1/2
Chartered Bank	£ 21 1/2
National Bank	£ 48 1/4
P. & O. Bank	£ 9 3/4
Eastern Bank	£ 8 7/8

That Kruschen Feeling.

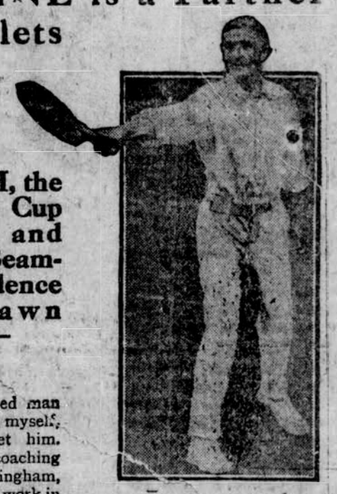
Grandpa takes Kruschen and in spite of his age feels fit enough to play leapfrog with anyone! That is the "Kruschen feeling." He gets it by dropping into his morning cup of tea or coffee as much Kruschen Salts as will cover a silver 4-anna piece.

Depression, headache, listlessness, constipation are all due to your liver and kidneys not working properly, and allowing poisons to collect in your body. You need six salts to wash those poisons out—the six salts which your body ought to get from your food. If it is not getting them you cannot keep well.

Kruschen Salts contain just these six salts you need. Get a bottle to-day, take a *daily* dose of health, and you too can know what it is like to feel as fit as the fittest and as young as the youngest.

Kruschen Salts
GOOD HEALTH FOR AN ANNA A WEEK.
Obtainable from all chemists, stores and bazaars.

"PHOSFERINE is a Partner that never lets me down"



A. E. BEAMISH, the Famous Davis Cup International and Principal of the Beamish Correspondence School of Lawn Tennis—writes:—

"IF there is a harder worked man at the present time than myself, I would like to meet him. During the day I am coaching at lawn tennis at Hurlingham, and in the evening I am hard at work in my capacity of Principal Adviser to the Beamish Correspondence School of Lawn Tennis. Tennis instruction entails a greater mental than physical strain, and in this connection I find that Phosferine is an invaluable ally—a 'partner' that never lets me down and whose excellent 'service' I can always rely upon. Good health is essential for all work and play, and in my case I rely upon Phosferine—a splendid tonic which I strongly recommend to everyone."

From the very first day you take PHOSFERINE you will gain new confidence, new life, new endurance. It makes you eat better and sleep better, and you will look as fit as you feel. Phosferine is given with equally good results to the children.

PHOSFERINE
The Greatest of all Tonics for

Influenza	Debility	Neuralgia	Faintness	Malaria
Indigestion	Mental Exhaustion	Loss of Appetite	Brain-fag	Headache
S'eeplessness	Maternity Weakness	Lassitude	Nerve Shock	Anæmia
Exhaustion	Weak Digestion	Neuritis	Rheumatism	Sciatica

Made in Liquid and Tablets, each sold in 3 sizes, the larger sizes are the more economical.

PROPRIETORS: ASHTON & PARSONS, LIMITED, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.
INDIAN DEPOT: P.O. BOX 431, BOMBAY.

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BEST BY TEST
SURPLUS ASSETS DISCLOSED AS PROFITS AVERAGES ABOUT
Rs. 28 per Thousand per year
BY THE
Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Socy. Ld.,
BEST INDIAN LIFE OFFICE,
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Apply:—D. J. CADDIE & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
170, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, ... BOMBAY.
INFLUENTIAL AGENTS WANTED.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

July 7.

To-day Reuter reported a rise of 23 points to 25 points in New York futures. Early the market eased on long liquidation. Later the prices advanced on short covering. Liverpool has been reported 6 to 8 points up.

Messrs. Thomas Smith & Co. agents Messrs. M. & B. Stern have received the following cable under yesterday's date from their Liverpool friends:—

"Dallas (Texas) cable insect complaint, plant not fruiting, but here in Liverpool, operators are generally bearish. Consider it advisable to exercise caution on the "short side."

Messrs. Drennan & Co. have received the following cable dated 6th instant from their Liverpool friends Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co.

"Weather continues favourable over the entire belt. Market has a steadier undertone, more demand. Decline seems checked for the moment."

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden & Co. cable under date 6th instant as under:—

"Market advanced on short covering on reports of showers in Texas."

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable dated 6th instant (5 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson.—

"Market somewhat steadier on report insect damage, but weather generally favourable. May have some reaction. Don't look for material advance at present."

In sympathy with a moderate advance reported in New York futures the Marwari bazaar opened this morning at Rs. 332 1/2 i.e. Rs. 2 1/2 higher than yesterday's closing rate for Broach July/August, and fluctuating within a very small range closed at Rs. 332 1/2. Exporters and Shroffs were moderate buyers. New Broach April/May opened at Rs. 312 and advanced to Rs. 313 on buying by Commission Houses, and Shroffs and closed at Rs. 312 1/2. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 312 1/2 and going up to Rs. 313 1/2 on buying by Shroffs closed at Rs. 312 3/4.

Oomra July opened at Rs. 321 1/2 and eased to Rs. 320 1/2 on Shroffs selling; and closed at Rs. 321 on moderate buying by Commission Houses. New Oomra January opened at Rs. 296 and fluctuating within a Rupee, closed at Rs. 296. Commission and Japanese Houses were moderate sellers. Bengal July and January were respectively quoted at Rs. 255 and Rs. 246.

Our market for ready cotton continued to remain dull yesterday and the demand was very poor.

To-day 100 bales Sind/Punjab, 200 bales Dholleras, 200 bales Kajagin and 300 bales Surat, in all 800 bales were tendered. Total tenders up-to-date are 200 bales Bengal, 1,200 bales Broach, and 1,160 bales Oomra in all 2,560 bales.

COTTON.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 7.

Fully Good Broach April/May	312½
Fully Good Broach July/August	333½
Fully Good Bengal July	255½
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan	245½
Fine Oomra July	322½
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan	296½

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 7.

M G Bengal—Superfine 281, Fine 269, F Good 257, Good 247.

M G S Punjab—Superfine 275, Fine 263, F Good 251, Good 241.

M G Oomra No. 3—Superfine 352, Fine 322, F Good 307.

M G Central Provinces No. 1—Superfine 362, Fine 352, F Good 337.

M G Central Provinces No. 2—Superfine 352, Fine 342, F Good 327.

M G Broach No. 2—Superfine 353, Fine 345, F Good 337, Good 329.

M G Punjab/American—Superfine 363, Fine 355, F Good 347, Good 339.

M G Sawgin/Dharwar—Superfine 363, Fine 35, F Good 347, Good 335.

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, July 7.

Fully Good Broach April/May	313
Fully Good Broach July/August	333
Fully Good Bengal July	255
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan	246
Fine Oomra July	321
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan	296
Good Southerns Aug/Sept	312

LINSEED.

London, July 6.

Linseed, Calcutta:—
July/Aug. sellers 18/5/0.
Aug/Sep sellers 18/7/6.

Raw Linseed Oil:—
August offered 33/3.
Sep/Dec. offered 33/3.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, July 6.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st September This Year.	Last Year.
Khandesh		2,90,466	2,94,650
Central India	51	3,72,395	3,35,419
Barsi and Nagas	20	2,20,704	2,05,069
Hyderabad-Gaorani		73,970	97,883
Berars		4,73,289	5,69,758
Central Provinces	74	2,45,285	2,56,563
Total Oomras	145	16,76,109	17,57,342
Dholera	1313	2,77,607	3,03,081
N.W. Provinces		1,29,516	1,31,867
Rajputana	423	1,08,613	77,728
Sind-Punjab	596	2,90,806	3,61,643
Broach		3,12,040	4,84,947
Coompta & Dharwar	579	1,37,799	1,68,644
Westerns-Northerns	411	91,502	88,250
Cocconada		2,634	1,644
Tinnevelly and			
Cambodia	4	53,725	31,089
Persian		4,848	4,705
American		17,257	9,649
Egyptian and African	180	72,341	57,963
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		3,347	3,491
Total	3,471	31,77,647	34,82,013

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 1st July This year	Last year
Europe	7	5,07,947	6,34,819
Japan & China	3,943	16,33,381	18,04,696
Coast Ports		22,303	21,042
Up country by Rail		94,112	14,188
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		49,818	44,593
Total	3,950	23,07,561	25,19,338

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 7.

	Ready	New.
Bengal Superfine M. G	255/60	.....
Bengal Fine M G	240/45	.....
Bengal F G M G	220/30	.....
Sindh-Punjab Fine M G	240	.....
Sindh-Punjab F G M G	225/30	.....
Punjab-Americans F G M G	335/40	.....
Wardha-Hingt. Fine M G	330/35	.....
Nagpur Fine M G	330/35	.....
Yeotmal Fine M G	315/20	.....
Pulgaon Fine M G	315/25	.....
Arvi Dine M G	315/25	.....
Amraoti Fine M G	285/305	.....
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M G	290/300	.....
Mulkapur Fine M G	260/70	.....
Khandesh Fine M G	255/60	.....
Khandesh F G M G	.....	.....
Broach Fine M G	330/35	.....
Broach F G M G	300/05	.....
Muthia Fine M G	240/45	.....
Muthia F G M G	220/25	.....
Dharwar S G	.....	.....
Coompta M G	355/65	.....
Westerns M G	295/305	.....
Westerns H G	.....	.....
Miraj M G	335/40	.....
Cambodia F G M G	380/90	.....
Navsari F G M G	.....	.....
Surat F G M G	380/390	.....
Kadi-Viramgaon F G M G	300/05	.....
Dhollera F G M G	290/300	.....
Kalagin F G M G	.....	.....

COTTON.

Liverpool, July 6.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 1,000 bales.
Total Day's Sales on Spec. and for Exp. 100 bales.
Total Day's Sales of East Indian nil.

Mid. Americans Spot	9.10
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis	15.80

NEW YORK 11 A.M.:—

(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

July	17.53
October	16.04
January	15.97

NEW YORK NOON CALL:—

July	17.60
October	16.15
January	16.10

NEW ORLEANS 9 A.M.:—

July	17.08
October	15.78

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 6.

July	14.60	+.02
August	14.53	+.02
September	14.40	+.02
October	14.30	+.02
November	14.18	unchgd.
December	14.02	+.03
January	13.98	—.08
February	13.39	—.08
March	13.92	—.08
April	13.92	—.08
May	13.87	—.03
June	13.87	—.08
July	13.87	—.08

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, July 6.

To-day's opening.

July	8.77	+.02
August	8.63	+.02
September	8.53	+.02
October	8.48	+.03
November	8.40	+.03
December	8.42	+.03
January	8.44	+.03
March	8.44	+.02
May	8.48	+.03
EGYPTIAN:—		
November	14.20	+.02
January	14.06	unchgd.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York July 6.

	Bales.
COTTON:—	
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	14,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	8,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	3,000
FUTURES AT NEW YORK:—	
October	16.43
December	16.42
January	16.36
March	16.55
Spot Cotton at New York	18.40
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	17.70
FUTURES AT NEW ORLEANS:—	
July	17.45
October	16.23
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	19 7/8
Demand Bills	4.86.00

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 6.

October	16.43	+.23
December	16.42	+.24
January	16.36	+.26
March	16.55	+.25

Liverpool, July 6.

October	8.57	+.12
December	8.46	+.07
January	8.45	+.07
March	8.49	+.07

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, July 6.

To-day's closing.

July	8.81	+.06
August	8.66	+.05
September	8.57	+.06
October	8.51	+.06
November	8.44	+.07
December	8.46	+.07
January	8.45	+.07
February	8.45	+.07
March	8.49	+.07
April	8.47	+.07
May	8.53	+.08
June	8.51	+.08
July	8.50	+.07

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, July 6.

Scinde Good	5.75
Scinde Fully Good	6.05
Scinde Fine	6.35
Bengal Good	5.85
Bengal Fully Good	6.15
Bengal Fine	6.45
Oomra Good	6.60
Oomra Fully Good	6.90
Oomra Fine	7.20
Broach Good	7.15
Broach Fully Good	7.55
Broach Fine	7.95

WHEAT.

London, July 6.

Barletta Russo 61 lbs. July sellers 54/6.
Roazrio Santa Fe 58½ lbs. July nominal 54/6.
Wheat, Australian July sellers 53/6.
Wheat Choice White Karachi July sellers 56/9.
Tone:—Firmer.

SEEDS.

London, July 6.

Linseed, Argenaine (La Plata):—
July/Aug Hull paid £16 1/16.
Aug/Sep Hull paid £16 1/8.
Cottonseed, Bombay July/Aug sellers £8 1/8.
Castorseed, Bombay July/Aug. sellers £16 7/8.
Linseed Bombay July/Aug. sellers £18 3/4.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore Usual Bold per ton July/Aug. nominal £21.
Rapeseed Toria per ton July/Aug. sellers £21 7/8.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat per ton July/Aug. nominal £22 5/8.
Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore per ton July/Aug. nominal £20 1/4.
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore per ton July/Aug. sellers £22 1/2.
Tone:—Poor demand.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, July 6.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July/Sep sellers 15/7 1/2.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct/Dec. sellers 15/9.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan/March sellers 16/1 1/2.
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay July/Sep selers 15/8 1/2.
Fine Whte Java C. & F. Karachi July/Sep sellers 15/9 1/4

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay).

Bombay, July 7.

		Rs.	as.	Ps.
KHADI				
Textile	,,	0	12	9
Century	,,	0	12	0
Jacob	,,	0	12	0
E. D. Sassoon	,,	0	12	0
Elphinstone	,,	0	11	6
Apollo	,,	0	11	6

LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In.—

Standard	Per lb.	1	1	3
Century	,,	1	1	6
Century 6404-8705	,,	1	1	0
Hindustan	,,	1	1	3
Fazal (Mahal)	,,	1	1	6
Phoenix	,,	1	1	3
Pabaney Phoolmala)	,,	1	0	9
Manekji (Patangia)	,,	1	0	9
Kaliamardan	,,	1	1	0
Daud Sahib	,,	1	0	0
LONG CLOTH (Light weight) No. 5202/5803:—				
Rachael Mill	Per lb.	1	2	0
Hindustan	,,	1	1	6
David Mill	,,	1	2	0
Apollo	,,	1	2	0
LONG CLOTH X Quality:—				
Swan Finlay	,,	1	1	6
Gold Mohor	,,	1	0	0
Textile (Hand)	Per lb.	1	1	3
Spring (Merchant-	,,	1	1	3
Century (Bugle)	,,	1	0	0
Apollo (Pyala)	,,	1	0	0
Tata Mill (Darji)	,,	1	0	0
Sakuntala	,,	1	0	0
Sundari Brand	,,	1	0	0
Globe	,,	0	15	0
Rachael	,,	0	15	6
Palkhi	,,	1	0	6
Maher	,,	1	0	0
LEPAD.				
Spring	,,	1	0	0
Textile	,,	1	0	0
Century	,,	0	15	6
Maher	,,	1	0	0
DHOOTIES 7, 8, 9 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	2	6
Jacob	,,	1	1	0
Century	,,	1	2	6
Mun Mill	,,	1	1	6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	1	6
Century	,,	1	1	6
Jacob E. D.	,,	1	0	0
Mun Mill	,,	1	1	0
1386 Tata	,,	3	2	0
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—				
Bombay Cotton	Per piece	4	4	0
Jamshed	,,	4	4	0
Century	,,	4	12	0
Pearl Pabaney 45	,,	4	6	0
Hindustan No. 902	,,	4	14	0
BLACK CHECK:—				
5800 Sholapur	,,	11	8	0
2020 Jacob	,,	6	4	0
5800 Kurla	,,	9	2	0
1325 Morarji	,,	6	6	0
GABRUN NO. 5124:—				
Pearl Pabancy	,,	8	10	0
Hindustan	,,	8	14	0
E D Rachael	,,	7	0	0
SALITA:—				
Century	,,	0	15	9
Textile	,,	0	15	9
Spring (Merchant)	,,	1	0	0
STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—				
777 Kohinoor	Per piece	2	9	0
777 Crescent	,,	2	8	0
Apollo David	,,	2	7	0
DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—				
Kanta	Per lb.	1	5	0
Grtat	,,	1	4	6
Phoenix	,,	1	5	0
Tata	,,	1	4	6
CHADAR KORI CALANDER.				
Hindustan	,,	1	1	6
David	,,	1	0	9
Mahel	,,	1	0	9
Market Dull.				

THE METAL MERCHANTS' CO.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper. Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

Bombay, July 7.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	¾	58	0	0
Brass, English	1	57	4	0
Brass, English	1¼	57	0	0
Brass, English	1½	57	0	0
Brass, English	1¾	57	0	0
Brass, English	2	57	0	0
Brass, German	¾	56	12	0
Brass, German	2	55	8	0

COPPER.

Bombay, July 7.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper German	¾	58	8	0
Copper German	1	60	6	0
Copper German	1 1/4	60	6	0
Panchteka joint		28	6	0
Copper English Bars		52	8	0
Brass Bars		40	6	0
Pat Klai		67	8	0
Lead, Country		23	6	0
Lead Rangooni		24	8	0
Koger Brass, Metal	3/4	55	8	0
Koger Brass Metal	1	55	12	0
Koger Brass 1 1|4 to 1 1|2, 1 3|4 to 2...		55	8	0
German Copper 1 1|2 to 1 3|4 to 2		60	0	0

METALS.

London, July 6.

	£
English Best Selected Copper	62 1/2
Standard Copper G.M.B.	57 3/16
Copper Braziers	74 1/4
Yellow Metal	69
Hard Spelter	31
Corrugated Sheets	16 1/2
Tin Block £267.	

BOMBAY-CHINA-JAPAN YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations

Bombay, July 7.

Shapurji	No. 6 1/2	0	7	0
Finix	No. 6 1/2	0	7	3
Kilachand	No. 8 1/2	0	8	0
David	No. 10 1/2	0	8	9
Shapurji	No. 10 1/2	0	9	0
Tricumdas	No. 10 1/2	0	9	3
Currimbhoy	No. 12 1/2	0	9	6
Tricumdas	No. 12 1/2	0	9	9
Kilachand	No. 14 1/2	0	10	0
Kilachand	No. 20½	0	11	0
Japan	No. 20	0	12	6
Japan	No. 32	1	1	6
Japan	No. 40	1	3	6
Japan	No. 40 1/2	1	4	9

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, July 7.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 6th July, 1926:—

Cotton	3,471 bales.
Wheat	24,272 cwts.
Linseed	7,271 cwts.
Rape, etc.	140 cwts.
Gingellyseed	32 cwts.
Poppyseed	334 cwts.
Groundnuts	1,317 cwts.
Castorseed	3,876 cwts.
Rice	29,333 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,206 cwts.
Cottonseed	342 cwts.
Mowraseed	3,351 cwts.
Gram	2,982 cwts.
Juwar	500 cwts.
Masur	Nil.
Barley	120 cwts.
Bajri	868 cwts.
Coal	540 tons.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN., LTD.

INDIAN WEEKLY STATISTICS.

6th July 1926

RECEIPTS

Week ending 26th June.

	1926 Bales.	1925 Bales
Calcutta	1570	2783
Bombay*	24362	46165
Karachi	3696	3758
Madras	5107	Nil
Rangoon	Nil (a)	—
Tuticorin	4407	Nil
Total	39442	52706

EXPORTS

Week ending 26th June.

	1926 Bales	1925 Bales
Calcutta	678	582
Bombay*	33156	102919
Karachi	8562	9134
Madras	1898	3762
Rangoon	342	347
Tuticorin	62	10752
Total	44698	127436

RECEIPTS

1st Sept. to 26th June.

	1925-26	1924-25
Calcutta	64280	94594
Bombay*	3140050	3441565
Karachi	1152514	1019160
Madras	120786	1631
Rangoon	26081 (a)	—
Tuticorin	65021	748
Total	4568712	4557518

EXPORTS

1st Sept. to 26th June.

	1925-26	1924-25
Calcutta	29322	38673
Bombay*	2155648	2409556
Karachi	903287	758341
Madras	74390	53021
Rangoon	82113	80768
Tuticorin	74961	84079
Total	3319811	3424488

(a) to 19th June.

*Includes Coastal Ports and reshipments of Foreign cotton

RECEIPTS into BOMBAY from KARACHI

Week ending 5th July, 1926	1925	1st Sept. to 5th July. 1925-26	1924-25
893	1301	110077	144225

EXPORTS form KARACHI

Week ending 21th June.

	1926	1925
United Kingdom	Nil	9329
Continent	7634	10200
China	Nil	Nil
Japan	200	Nil
Bombay (a)	452	1604
U. S. A.	Nil	200
Total	8286	21333

1st Sept. to 21th June.

	*1925-26	1924-25
United Kingdom	59778	81872
Continent	373891	421716
China	114006	56319
Japan	344814	193985
Bombay (a)	113122	145733
U. S. A.	9150	7194
	1014761	907817

*Adusted. (a) Includes cotton for transhipment.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, July 6.

In the share market jutes continued steady though there was less activity exhibited than that of the previous day. In one or two instances there was evidence of profit taking. Later the forecast of the jute crop produced no immediate effect on the market which was more or less discounted beforehand. In coals and cotton outside support being almost negligible, these sections remained dull. In teas buyers have shown a preference to await developments before committing themselves to further increase their holdings. Rubbers recorded few dealings at steady rates. In miscellaneous apart from some improvement registered in Indian Standard Wagon ordinary shares there were no changes of any importance. Government securities were firm with a good general buying enquiry. Following were to-day's closing quotations:—

Government securities:—3 1/2 per cent. Government paper 76|9, 4 per cent. new loan 1960|70 88, 5 per cent. war loan 1929|47 101|6, 5 per cent. loan 1945|55 107|12, 6 per cent. bonds 1930 106|4. Imperial Bank 425. Chapparmukh Silghat Railway 93. Alliance 466|8. Anglo-Indian 236, Barnagore 167, Belvedere pref 120, Cheviot 246|8, Clive 34|7, Dalhousie 372, Fort William 271, Hooghly ord 68, do pref 15|8, Howrah 38|10, Hukumchand ord 9|10, Kamarhatty 575, Kinnison 950, Lansdowne 268, Lothian 388, National 27|6, Northbrook 48|12, Orient 207, Presidency 7|5, Reliance 59|8, Union 540, Waverley 6, Dhalgora 4|10, Bhulanbararee 16|4, Burrakur ord 19|4, do pref 103, Gopalichuck 7, Pench Valley 17.

Miscellaneous:—Indian Standard Wagon ord 25, Indian Iron and Steel 7|6, B. I. Corporation ord 4|6, Calcutta Tramways ord 12|8, Madan Theatres 3.

Tea Companies:—Betjan 39|8, Eastern Cachar 16, Hasimara 40|4, Naga Hills 20, Rajnagar 169.

The Exchange Bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and seven eighth pence and demand bills were one shilling five and twenty-nine thirty-seconds pence.

—A. P.

To quickly get rid of RHEUMATISM

You cannot possibly choose a better remedy for your rheumatism than De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, for these remove the cause of the trouble and thus effect a radical cure.

Another big advantage is that De Witt's Pills act so quickly. To-day you may be tortured and crippled by pain, but if you would take De Witt's Pills you would notice marked improvement in a few hours and in a few days all your aches and pains would disappear and your health and strength would be fully restored.

Ask your Chemist To-day for

De WITT'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER PILLS

The circular enclosed in every box gives full directions for the use of De Witt's Pills, and they may be taken with confidence and safety by men, women and children. *De Witt's Pills are never touched by hand and they contain no animal fats nor any harmful or habit-forming drugs.* Take them for *Scalding Pains, Rheumatism, Urinary Disorders, Backache, Bladder Trouble, Lumbago, Sciatica,* or *Painful Joints* and in every case they will give prompt relief and quickly effect a cure. Your nearest chemist sells De Witt's Pills and the moderate price places them within your easy reach. Ask for a box to-day.

WIRELESS

Send us your enquiries for anything and everything in the way of

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CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY CO.,
175, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY
Post Box 459 Telegrams "CHIPHONE"

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279, Hornby Road (Opp. Whiteaway) & 210, Kalbadevi Road.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Manufacturers of the KRYPTOK, TORIC, CROOKES AND OTHER COMPLICATED OPHTHALMIC LENSES.

AWARDED SEVERAL GOLD MEDALS

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Harwood League Football (1st Dn.)—Bombay Gym. "B" vs. Matunga Hindus, Cooperage, 5.45 p.m.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

FRIDAY, July 9.

The s.s. "Razmak" with English mails of June 24, due at 5 a.m.

Bombay Teachers' Union, second annual meeting, Secondary Training College Hall 6 p.m.

Harwood League Football (1st Dn.)—Police vs. Swiss, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.—(2nd Dn.) R.A.M.C. vs. G.I.P. (Mat.) Oval, 5.45 p.m.

SATURDAY, July 10.

Harwood League Football (1st Dn.)—Staffords vs. R.A., Cooperage, 5.45 p.m.

S.S. "Razmak" with English mails leaves at 1 p.m. connecting s.s. "Mantua" at Aden.

SUNDAY, July 11.

18th Anniversary Celebration of Seva Sadan Gamdevi, Lady Jehangir to preside.

F WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The monthly meeting adjourned for want of quorum on 4th instant will be held to-day (Thursday) at 7.30 p.m.

PASSENGERS AND T. B. ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the above Association will meet to-day (Thursday) at 5.45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Municipal Corporation Hall.

BILLIARDS IN BOMBAY.

The match on Tuesday night at Watson's Hotel between Mr. Dady —25 and Mr. M. Selkirk plus30, turned out to be an easy thing for Mr. Dady the cup-holder of last year's Tournament who won by 50 points.

SCORES:—Mr. Dady 250 and Mr. M. Selkirk 200.

GRANDSON OF MR. G. G. TEJPAL DEAD.

The infant son of Sheth Laxmidas G. G. Tejpal and the grandson of Sheth Govardhandas Goculdas Tejpal took place on Tuesday the 6th instant at 9.30 a.m. at their Bungalow at Vile Parle. The local institutions of the Goculdas Tejpal Charities were closed on Tuesday and Wednesday and will remain closed to-day (Thursday) also.

CITY'S HEALTH.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of Tuesday to 6 a.m. of Wednesday:—

Smallpox: Attacks 3, Deaths 2; Cholera, Plague and Influenza: Attacks Nil, Deaths Nil.

Total mortality (exclusive of the still-born): 101.

The total mortality this day last year was 87.

BOMBAY TEACHERS' UNION.

The 2nd Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Teachers' Union will be held in the Secondary Training College Hall at 6 p.m. (S. T.) on Friday, the 9th instant for the purpose of: (1) Adoption of the Report and the statement of accounts for the year 1925|1926; (2) Election of the Managing Committee for the current year; (3) Proposed changes in the rules; (i) Two joint secretaries instead of one; (ii) Election of two honorary auditors from amongst the members.

EAST INDIAN CATHOLICS' MEETING.

In accordance with a unanimous Resolution passed in the Meeting of the Standing Committee held on the 26th June, 1926, a public general meeting of the East Indian Catholics of Bombay, Salsette and Bassein will be held on Sunday (the 11th instant), at 3 p.m. at the Thomas Baptista School Hall, Bassein, to consider what further steps should be taken to expedite the removal of the Portuguese Patronage from the aforesaid places when Mr. Joseph M. Almeida, Pleader, Bombay High Court will preside.

CO-OPERATORS' DAY IN BOMBAY.

Saturday last being the Co-operators' Day, a meeting was convened in the Mahalaxmi Theatre, Bombay, to celebrate the day under the auspices of the Panchmahals District Branch of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute. Mr. R.N. Trivedi, Auditor, Co-operative Societies, Panchmahals referred to the rapid development of the Godhra City Co-operative Bank Ltd., and recommended the organisation of similar Urban Banks in all Taluka towns. He also emphasised the necessity of starting agricultural non-credit societies principally sale societies in Halol and Kalol Talukas of the District.

MARBLE & TILES
PONZONO HEXEGONAL TILES
Available in large quantities
RAVAL & CO.,
12, Bank Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

LATE MR. OMAR SOBANI.

"ZIARAT" CEREMONY.

The "Ziarat" ceremony of the late Mr. Omar Sobani will be performed between 9 and 12 a.m. to-day at the residence of Mr. Haji Yusuf Sobani near Byculla Club, Souter Road.

MESSRS. C. P. NANAVATI AND CO.

The offices of Messrs. C. P. Nanavatty and Co., Cocogem Agent and of the Indian National Newspaper Co., Ld., will be closed to-day (Ziarat Day) on account of the sad and untimely death of Seth Omar Sobani.

UNIVERSAL FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

The Managing Agents of the Universal Fire and General Insurance Co., Ltd., learnt with deep regret the premature death of Mr. Umer Sobani, one of the Directors of the Company. The Board meeting which was to take place yesterday at 3 30 p.m. was postponed and the office was also closed.

BOMBAY NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL.

At a meeting of the teachers and the students of the National High School, Bombay, a resolution praising Mr. Umer Sobani's qualities of head and heart and expressing great sorrow at his sudden and premature death was passed.

THE BHARAT NIGHT SCHOOL.

The Night School was closed yesterday on account of the sudden death of Mr. Umar Sobani one of the founders of the National High School.

FIND OF MAHAR'S DEAD BODY

The dead body of one Bhikhoo Pandu, an old Mahar was found on Tuesday evening at about 5 p.m. near the Mahalaxmi Railway crossing. The deceased was in the employ of Messrs. The Jost Engineering Co., Ltd., of Ballard Estate. The body was indentified by another Mahar who lived the deceased. The corpse was removed to the morgue.

At an inquest held by the Coroner the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

FINED FOR USING ANOTHER'S TRAM PASS

For using his master's Rail-cum-Tram pass, one Siddick Tyeballi a Bohra, was placed before the Third Presidency Magistrate on Wednesday.

The accused was travelling by a tram-car from Flora Fountain to Bori Bunder on the strength of a pass standing in the name of Abbasbhai Sheikh Abdulali, when a tram-car Inspector asked him his name, the accused gave his own name. He was thereupon arrested.

The accused pleaded guilty and said that he did not know that the pass could not be used by persons other than the owner.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 10.

ALLEGED DISOBEDIENCE OF POLICE ORDERS

Shehra Simon a Bagdadi woman was placed before the Second Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagaon Police Court on a charge of disobedience of the orders of the police.

Mr. Barodia, the police prosecutor appeared for the prosecution while Mr. F.J. Patel, pleader, conducted the defence.

The accused, it is alleged, lived in a house near Parsi Statue and maintained a brothel. Several occupants of the same building having complained to the Police Inspector Samson of the Police had made inquiries and had found the accused in charge of a brothel which a European girl typist was also frequenting. The accused was then asked to vacate the place by an order of the Commissioner of Police which she had disobeyed.

Mr. Patel wanted the European girl typist as his witness.

The case, was therefore adjourned.

SPECIAL DAY OF PRAYER.

According to the decision of the Central Khuddam-ul-Haramain Committee, Lucknow Friday the 9th July, 1926, has been fixed as the special day of prayer all over India for the deliverance of the Holy Hedjaz from its present miseries and impending dangers. The Jamiat-l-Khuddam-ul-Haramain, Bombay has arranged to hold at every mosque in the city and suburbs of Bombay a Special Prayer for this purpose just after the Jumma prayers on that day.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES.

We have received copies of pocket time-tables of the B. B. and C.I. Railway and the G.I.P. and the B.B. and C.I. Railways combined, published by Messrs. the Imperial Publishing Company, Bombay, in two booklet forms. One of them contains timings of the suburban service of the B.B. and C.I. Rly. with a summary of through-train timings, while the other gives the same information of both the G.I.P. (including electric and steam train service) and the B.B. and C.I. Railways. They are priced anna 1 and annas two respectively.

ALLEGED FRAUD ON CENTRAL BANK.

TRUSTED EMPLOYEE IN TROUBLE.

It is reported that a big fraud has been committed on the Central Bank of India Ltd by one of its trusted employees The clerk was in charge of Government Securities and had the handling of lakhs of rupees worth Government paper as he had to collect interest on same from the Public Debt Office. The clerk who has now absconded is a young Parsi and has put in about ten years service in the Bank. The *modus operandi* in this case was the usual one, that is to say, to take away the securities which were entrusted to the Bank by its customers and to pledge them with another Bank and raise money on them. The clerk got in this way Rs. 30,000 from another Bank, after pledging Government paper to the extent of about a lakh of rupees. The Central Bank, however, has succeeded in recovering its property from the Bank with which it was kept, but in the meantime the clerk has disappeared. It is not known whether the frauds committed are limited to a lakh of rupees only, but the Bank officials are making investigations in the matter to see whether they can find any more traces of peculation by the run away.

UNWILLING TO WORK WITH COLOURED MAN.

THREE EUROPEAN SAILORS SENTENCED

W. Williams, D. Russel and H. Wallace, the three of the crew of s.s. "British Knight" were placed before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court on Wednesday.

Mr. George Legg, the Captain of the ship said that the accused had refused to sail by the vessel on the ground that they would not work with a coloured Fireman. An African fireman was engaged as a white Fireman had fallen ill. He was given a separate quarter away from the whitemen's quarter.

The third accused complained of the insanitary condition of the ship and described the hardships he was put to when on board the ship. He was willing to go if those difficulties were removed.

All the accused stated that they were not willing to sail with a coloured man.

The Magistrate convicted all the accused, and sentenced them to two weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

RASH AND NEGLIGENT DRIVING.

EUROPENN FINED.

Before Mr .H. P. H. Dastur the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court on Wednesday Mr. E. J. Hangley, European was put up on charges of rash and negligent driving and driving a car without a licence.

Atmasingh Bhagwansing, a taxi-driver, who was the complainant said that on Tuesday night when he was driving towards Wodehouse Bridge the accused's car collided with his car. The accused was driving towards the Cooperage from Wellington Muse and his car had no lights. As a result of the collision both the cars were badly damaged.

The accused stated that he was driving at a speed of four miles an hour. The lights of his car were on, but they went out as a result of the accident. He did not see the complainant's car as the right wind-screen of his car was up. He confessed that he had no licence to drive a car.

The Magistrate convicted the accused on both the charges and sentenced him to pay an aggregate fine of Rs. 50.

POSSESSING UNLICENSED OPIUM.

OFFENDER GETS 4 MONTHS R. I.

Inspector Kadri of the Excise Department placed on Mahomed Kassim before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court on Wednesday on a charge of possessing 5 tolas of opium without licence. The excise people had detected the opium in the accused's possession on a night in June at Two Tanks and had tried to arrest him there; but he had thrown away the opium and had vanished in the bye-lanes before he could be arrested. He was hiding himself till Tuesday when he was arrested at Duncan Road.

The Magistrate convicted the accused who pleaded guilty; and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

ANOTHER COMPLAINT AGAINST PRAVASI PAGAL

Charandas Devji Dalal, a Vaishnava and editor of "Chaloo Jamana" a Goojerati weekly appeared before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court on Wednesday with Mr. Sargon, pleader, and filed a complaint under Sections 298 and 109 of the Indian Penal Code against 'Pravasi Pagal' and T. W. Joshi, Editor and Printer respectively of a weekly paper named "Pole."

The complainant alleged that the accused had injured his religious susceptibilities by publishing several articles in his paper during the Samvat 1981 and 1982 defaming his God Shree Nathji and the Vaishnava Maharaja. He prayed for process against both the accused.

His Worship passed orders to issue notices against the accused.

THE WEATHER.

ARABIAN SEA MONSOON ACTIVE.

HEAVY RAIN IN N E. INDIA.

SIMLA, July 7.

Depression which lies this morning over Orissa and Chota Nagpur is moving westwards and has caused widespread and locally heavy rain in Lower Burma and North-East India. It is likely to extend monsoon rainfall into the United Provinces to-day and it may even reach North-West India before it disappears.

The Arabian Sea monsoon is active in the Peninsula. The temperature continues high in the Punjab.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa Konkan, Malabar, Bombay Deccan, Mysore, and North Madras Coast and local in Upper Burma, East Rajputana, East Central Provinces, Hyderabad and Madras Deccan while a few falls have occurred in East United Provinces, Gujarat, West Central Provinces, and South-East Madras.

Chief amounts are:—Rangoon one inch; Bassein two; Diamond Island four; Kyakpyu seven; Akyab six; Tezpur two; Cherrapunji four; Jessore one and a half; Calcutta two; Burdwan five; Darjeeling six; Sombalpore and Chaibassa two; Ranchi four; Hazaribagh, Maya Dunka and Pondra one and a half; Jagdapur two; Bombay, Mormugao, Poona and Belgaum one and a half; Gulbarga one; Mangalore four; Calicut three nd Mercara five.

Forecast:—Extension in the United Provinces and the central parts of the country. —A. P.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, July 7.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 6th July. 1926	Total since 1st June 1926	June 1st to 1924	June 1st to 1925
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct
Colaba Point	1 64	17 55	13 19	28 86
Fort (St. Geo. Hospital).	1 97	22 12	14 07	..
Esplanade (Gokal Tej. Hospital)				
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	0 84	21 49	16 11	
Kemp and Co. (Cumballa Hill				

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a. m. of 7th July 1926.

Barometer (corrected to 32° F) at 8 a. m 29.495 inches (-183 below normal.)
" " at 4 p.m. (previous day.) 29.462 inches (-158 below normal.)
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours. —.026
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.1 degrees
" (wet bulb) " 80.0 "
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.2 degrees (0.7 below normal.)
Minimum " during 24 hours 77.0 degrees (1.2 below normal.)
Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 91 per cent
" " at 4 p. m. (previous day) 91 %
Direction of wind at 8 a. m. WSW
Velocity " " 15 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 247 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 45 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a. m. (the whole sky cloudy —10) 10
Rainfall in 24 hours 1.64 inches
Total rainfall during the month 11,36 "
" " " year 20.64 "
Weather Remarks— Rain

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

FOR THE 7TH JULY, 1926.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 7th July, 1926, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in considerable defect in the west. Maximum temperature was markedly above normal in the whole area; the minimum also was in slight to moderate excess except at Rawalpindi where it was normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are heavily clouded over the extreme east and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Jhansi. Temperature was normal at Cawnpore and considerably in excess at other stations.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah reports 0.42" of rain and Jaipur a light fall. Skies are clear over upper Sind and west Rajputana and heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in Sind and most parts of Rajputana. Maximum temperature was appreciably in excess throughout the division and the minimum in the central parts of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.37" of rain. Skies are in general moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is almost as usual. Maximum temperature was below normal in east Kathiawar and south Gujarat, and was above normal generally elsewhere; the minimum was slightly higher than usual in Cutch and west Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded and humidity is normal. Temperature was higher than usual at Jubbulpore and normal elsewhere.

The Konkan.—Bombay has had 1.64" of rain and Ratnagiri 0.91". No information has been received from Karwar and Mormugao. Skies are heavily clouded. Both humidity and temperature are normal. Bombay recorded a maximum temperature of 86 deg. .2 (1 deg. above normal) and a minimum temperature of 77 deg. .0 (1 deg. below normal.)

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Poona has had 1.43" of rain, Sholapur 0.32", Bijapur 0.28", Belgaum 1.62", Nizamabad 0.50" and Hyderabad 0.28." Skies are heavily clouded. The air is slightly more humid than usual in south Hyderabad and the central parts of the Bombay Deccan. Maximum temperature was below normal in Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—The monsoon continues active in the Peninsula but has weakened in the central parts of the country. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, Malabar, the Bombay Deccan and east Hyderabad, and local in east Rajputana, Gujarat, the Madras Deccan, southeast Madras and on the north Madras coast. The only principal amount which remains to be mentioned is 2.99" at Calicut. Temperatures are high in northwest India and the United Provinces.

Forecast.—No large change.

Daily Weather Telegram for the 6th July, 1926. issued from Simla.

The depression over the head of the Bay has moved in a northerly direction and now lies over south Bengal. It has caused widespread and locally heavy rain in lower Burma, Bengal and Orissa. The Arabian Sea monsoon is normally active in the Peninsula and the central parts of the country. Dry and hot weather persists in the Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, the Konkan and Mysore, and local in Assam, Chota Nagpur, the east United Provinces, Gujarat, Central India West, the Central Provinces, Malabar, the Bombay Deccan, Myderabad, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast; while a few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, east Rajputana and southeast Madras.

Chief amounts not mentioned in the Bombay report, were:—Tavoy three inches; Moulmein two; Bassein one and a half; Diamond Island, Akyab four; Kyaupkyu five; Myitkyina two; Cox's Bazar three; Jessore one and a half; Calcutta, Burdwan two; Saugor Island four; Cuttack one; Hukitala five; Lucknow two; Mercara five.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HRS. ON WED. THE 7TH OF JULY 1926

STATIONS	RAINFALL. Past 24 hours	Total 1st June to date	Normal 1st June to date	Departure 1st June to date.	Annual Normal
Baluchistan—					
Quetta	0	0.22	—0.22		9.75
Punjab—					
Multan	0	1.02	—7.20		7.20
Rawalpindi	0.89	3.41	—2.62		34.77
Lahore	0.05	2.07	—2.62		19.62
Hissar	1.61	2.40	—0.79		14.47
Ambala	0.05	5.71	—5.66		30.40
Delhi	0.11	4. 8	—4.71		26.84
United Provinces—					
Agra	1.32	4.3	—3.0		26.00
Mainpuri	0.20	4. 5	—4.45		27.07
Jhansi	1.10	1.04	—5.58		30.17
Cawnpore	3.39	3.01	—1.62		35.02
Allahabad ..	0.02	0.44	7.57	—7.13	39.06
Sind—					
Jacobabad	0	0.34	—0.34		3.68
Karachi	0	1.04	—1.04		7.56
Rajputana—					
Bikaner	0 04	2.03	—1.99		11.79
Ajmer	0.76	3.72	—2.96		20.65
Jaipur ..	0.14	1.20	3.99	—2.79	24.21
Kotah ..	0.42	2.32	4.74	—2.42	28.23
Mount Abu	1.92	9.54	—7.62		60.76
Kathiawar—					
Bhuj	0 04	2.68	—2.64		14.39
Dwaraka	0	2.97	—2.97		13.52
Veraval	..	..	..		18.80
Rajkot	7.70	6.21	+1.49		26.29
Bhavnagar .. para	0.76	5.72	—4.96		21.20
Surat	7.75	11.78	—4.03		40.97
Ahmedabad	1.95	6.57	—4.62		28.83
Deesa	0.12	3.91	—3.79		24.70
Cental India W—					
Neemuch .. —	1.76	6.17	—4.41		29.19
Indore	5.04	7.37	—2.33		33.12
Central Provinces—					
Jubbulpore	1.74	11.08	—9.34		55.11
Saugor	5.11	8.18	—4.07		44.95
Hoshangabad ..	4.66	8.87	—4.21		48.85
Khandwa ..	2.21	6.84	7.18	—0.34	29.03
Akola ..	0.19	6.97	6.84	+0.13	31.35
Amraoti ..	0.03	4.31	8.29	—3.98	33.05
Nagpur ..	0.67	8.32	11.69	—3.37	48.07
Chanda	..	3.35	10.21	—6.86	51.00
Raipur ..	0.03	2.16	11.90	—9.74	50.83
Konkan—					
Bombay ..	1.64	17.55	24.62	—7.07	70.63
Ratnagiri ..	0.91	32.44	37.13	—4.69	99.98
Mormugao ..					94.05
Karwar 5th ..	0.28	40.65	45.37	—4.71	120.12
Bombay Deccan					
Malegaon ..	0.02	4.28	5.53	—5.15	22.23
Ahmednagar ..		6.00	5.47	+0.53	22.35
Poona ..	1.43	5.87	6.04	—9.17	27.11
Sholapur ..	0.32	5.66	5.67	—0.01	28.45
Bijapur ..	0.28	2.26	3.81	—1.55	20.90
Belgaum ..	0.62	8.02	11.04	—3.02	50.13
Hyderabad—					
Aurangabad ..		8.99	6.59	+2.40	27.53
Nizamabad					
Indur ..	0.50	3.19	7.46	—4.27	40.08
Hyderabad ..	0.78	1.74	5.78	—4.04	32.27
Malabar—					
Mangalore ..					125.68
Calicut ..	2.99	41.58	41.45	+0.13	117.16
Cochin ..	0 14	40.47	34.68	+5.79	114.51
Trivandrum ..	0.42	11.47	15.37	—3.90	64.51
Ceylon- Colombo ..	..	15.71	8.82	+6.89	84.16
Madras Excluding	0.12	3.84	5.82	—1.98	41.59
Malabar & Mysore					
Masulipatam	0.01	2.29	2.22	+0.07	30.51
Bellary ..	0 33	5.93	3.79	+2.14	31.23
Cuddapah ..	0 24	1.65	2.82	—1.17	50.74
Madras ..	0 07	2.76	3.83	—1.07	35.37
Bangalore ..	0.28	0.91	1.96	—1.05	22.29
Coimbatore ..					
Trichinopoly ..	1 90	1.79	+0.11		33.18
Nagapatam ..	0.03	1.78	—1.73		54.98

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormusji and Co., Frere Road, Fort.)

OCTOBER.

7th July, 1926

Previous Closing Rate	16.43
To-day's Opening Rate	16.43
Difference	unchanged
To-day's Closing Rate	
Difference	

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg., Hornby Road.)

OCTOBER.

7th July, 1926.

Previous Closing Rate	8.51
To-day's Opening Rate	8.68
Difference	+.17
To-day's Closing Rate	8.70
Difference	+.19

Khandi Market	312 8-0
Sewri Market	312-12-0

CALCUTTA STOCK & SHARE MARKET

WEEKLY REPORT.

(From Chhaganlal M. Parekh.)

Government Securities after continuing weak in anticipation of an anxious settlement day in Bombay have closed steadier. The tendency seems upwards now.

3½ per cent Government Paper 65/9, 4 per cent New Loan (1960-70) 87/6, 5 per cent Bonds (1933) 103/6, 5 per cent War Loan (1929-47) 101. 5 per cent Loan (1945-55) 107/10, 5½ per cent War Bonds (1928) 106/8, 6 per cent Bonds (1926) 100/12, 6 per cent Bonds (1927) 102, 6 per cent Bonds (1930) 106, 6 per cent Bonds (1931) 107, 6 per cent Bonds (1932) 108.

Jute shares opened steady, and continued steady throughout the week owing to a steady hessian market. Special tive scrips of Clives and Howrahs have recorded an advance of Rs. 1/8 each, whereas almost all the hundred Rupee Scripes have gained from 10 to 15 points each. Raw jute is also steady but not as much as manufactured goods. The market may continue steady till the publication of jute crop forecast and also a fortnight further. Thereafter the market is likely to go upwards in consequence of a probable advance of Hessian prices. Tendency firm. Coal shares remained practically unchanged.

Tea shares continued quiet throughout, but the undertone of this section is quite healthy. The miscellaneous section though recorded a volume of business had hardly any interesting change.

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 7.

Jute:—Albion 450, Alliance 465, Anglo-India 375, Auckland 232, Barnagore 161, Bally 170, Birla 7/12, Belvedere 165, Budge Budge 420, Caledonian 495, Chapdani 140, Clive 31/6, Craig 4, Cheviot 215, Dalhousie 370, Delta 465, Empire 50/8, Fort Gloster 770, Fort William 274, Gondalpara 800, Gourepore 620, Hukumchand 9/6, Hooghly 67, Howrah 38/8, Kamarhatty 565, Kankanarrah 465, Kelvin 780, Khardah 412, Kinnison 950, Lansdowne 268, Lawrence 575, Lothian 380, Naihati 435, National 27/4, New Central 555, Northbrook 48/12, Nadea 43, Orient 207, Presidency 6/12, Reliance 59, Soorah 25/8, Standard 390, Union 535, Waverly 6/4, Hessian 15/6, Jute 62/4.

Cotton:—Bengal Nagpur 18/12, Dunbar 147, Keshavram Cotton 4/4.

Coal:—Burrakur 19/4, Raneegunge 26/12.

Miscellaneous:—B I Corporation 4/8, Burma Corp 11, Imperial Bank 1660, Imperial Conty 426

Remarks: Jute shares firm. Jutes forecast 36 lakhs acres. Government securities remained unchanged. 3½ per cent Govt. Paper 76/10, 5 per cent Bonds (1945-55) 107/14, 4 per cent New Loan (1960-70) 87/14.

WEATHER REPORT FROM MADRAS.

MADRAS, July 6.

The Rangoon mail steamer which usually arrives here on Monday was delayed this week and arrived only this afternoon.

The latest weather report received in Madras port says that a depression exists over South Bengal with very strong monsoon in the north of the bay. Fair weather ball is hoisted on the Madras harbour mast.—A. P.

MONSOON IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 6.

Monsoon has set in Calcutta. Beginning from early morning, heavy rain continued up to one in the afternoon. Most of the streets were flooded and tram service and other vehicular traffic were suspended for some time. The sky is still overcast with clouds. Free Press.

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(Editorial)

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(Editorial)

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The Bombay Chronicle.

THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1926.

THE VISION BEAUTIFUL.

Hindus, Muslims, Christians, all joined in honouring Mrs. Sarojini Naidu during her visit to Calcutta. The reason is obvious. All recognised in her the embodiment of India's true culture with its deep tradition of universal tolerance. And as she addressed them, her heart gave spontaneous expression to an instinct of all-embracing good-will. Recalling the memorable incident of both Hindus and Muslims claiming alike the dead body of the great saint, Kabir, she said that that incident represented "the unity of Ram and Rahim which was symbolic of the unity of the two great communities," and that "it was as impossible to separate the water of the Ganges from the water of the Jamuna at their confluence at Prayag, as it was to separate the destiny of Hindus and Muslims in India, bound together not merely geographically and ethnologically but by cultural and human associations". To her mind the vision of a United India was the picture of a happy family in which every race, creed and community, black or white or brown, would have the fullest rights of humanity and each would contribute its quota towards the freedom of the land of which they all accepted the common citizenship.

The resemblance of these sentiments to those expressed in the last testament of Baber to his son is as striking as it is natural. "O son," that monarch said, "the Kingdom of India is full of different religions. Praised be God that he bestowed upon thee its sovereignty. It is incumbent on thee to wipe all religious prejudices off the tablet of thy heart and administer justice according to the ways of every religion. Avoid especially the sacrifice of the cow, by which thou canst capture the hearts of the people of India and the subjects of this country may be bound up with royal obligations. Do not ruin the temples and shrines of any community which is obeying the Laws of Government. . . . . The cause of Islam can be promoted more by the sword of obligations than by the sword of tyranny."

True and beautiful ideals these, worthy of an Emperor who laid the sure foundation of a Great Empire. Indeed, the history of mankind shows nothing more conclusively than that communities or empires have been sustained only by strict adherence to these ideals and that every deviation from them has tended to spread the seeds of disintegration. We have in our time often strayed from and sometimes scoffed at the ideal of conquest by love, preached of old by the great Buddha, enunciated centuries thereafter by a Great Emperor, and preached again to-day by Mahatma Gandhi. But if those of us, who have faith in the potency of that ideal, are true to what Mrs. Naidu called the milk-debt to the land of their birth, the genius of the country may yet assert itself, and the vision that Mrs. Naidu so beautifully pictured may soon be realised.

WANTED—A FOREST COLLEGE.

The Bombay Forest College was opened at Dharwar a few years ago with all the blessings of the Government. We were told that the College was a necessity as indeed it is. We were also informed that Madras having forests yielding less revenue than Bombay had already a Forest College. What was more pertinent was the refusal of Dehra Dun to train Bombay students. When the question of the Forest College occupied the attention of the Bombay Legislative Council, Dr. Paranjpye, the then Minister for Education, said:—"Of course, there are honourable members who may say that we need not have a Forest College at all, but I would like them to consider whether they would go in for such a short-sighted policy. I think it has been our contention that Indians should be used as far as possible for all public services. Now when our contention is that we must have Indians for higher posts in the country, is it right for us to refuse to sanction the money required for training Indians to occupy the higher posts? We must, therefore, create a place where Indians can get the highest possible education." In Bombay the Forest Department is a Transferred Department whereas in other provinces it is still a reserved one. The Government of Bombay later unexpectedly changed their policy, forgot what their own representative had stated in open Council and abolished the College the need of which they themselves had passionately demonstrated. Now comes the Government of India circular abolishing training in Dehra Dun for provincial service and confining education therein only to Indian Forest Service and Rangers. For the Ranger class only the Punjab, the United Provinces, Bengal, Assam and the adjoining Indian States will be allowed to send students. What is Bombay going to do? Madras will not have Bombay students; Dehra Dun will not have them. Are Bombay Forests to be left to the mercy of untrained officers? Why should Bombay go a-begging to other provinces for the requisite training of its own Forest men? Can she not arrange for the training of her own men? The Government of Bombay must now realise the necessity of reviving the Dharwar Forest College and making arrangements there for the highest training available in Forestry. The need for such an institution is universally admitted. The question had been before Government for a number of years and they had accepted the responsibility though for unaccountable reasons they subsequently disowned it. In few cases was economy so misapplied as in that of the Dharwar Forest College. We have rich forests yielding considerable revenue. In our Presidency, a well-equipped Forest College will be an investment in itself. No wise Government would hesitate to make this investment, especially when the doors of other Forest Colleges have been definitely shut against Bombay men. Government will not be required now to incur heavy financial expenditure as in 1921. In 1921 separate Forest College buildings involving an expenditure of 792 lakhs of rupees were planned and about a lakh of rupees were even spent on that account. Now, fortunately or unfortunately, the Training College buildings are lying practically vacant. They may well be utilised for the location of the Forest College and no money need be spent on any buildings for the present. Government will have to arrange only for the recurring cost of the College. The Minister for Forests and the Minister for Education may well do this public service at least at the end of their term and have the satisfaction of adding a much-needed educational institution and providing educational facilities in an entirely new field.

AN URGENT PROBLEM.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has given notice of a resolution which proposes that a committee of the Corporation be appointed for considering, in consultation with the Commissioner, the building activities that may be referred to it for report from time to time by the Corporation. The proposal is sound and opportune. And, if it is carried out in the right spirit and the proposed committee is guided by the right men and methods, it will supply the initiative and the lead to the other cities and towns in the country actively occupied in large building schemes. Except for the vigorous but more or less academic debate in the Corporation, some years ago, on Indian architecture, the members of the Corporation have seldom evinced the interest in architecture expected of them. The city is growing and building activities and schemes are now assuming a scale unprecedented in its history. What was, perhaps, pardonable indifference some years ago would now be regarded as criminal negligence. The irregularities permitted by the existing rules and regulations, the inefficient supervision and the efforts at spasmodic improvements characteristic of a loosely-knit, understaffed or irresponsible executive, require guidance and control from the members of the Corporation who could concentrate their attention and study the problems of civic growth dealing with the erection and construction of buildings in the city. That they should have waited hitherto for the necessary machinery is not by any means likely to be mistaken as a wise precaution. For, there are problems of great and vital importance which deserve the immediate and impartial attention of the Corporation, problems that can be solved only by a Committee composed of members willing and competent to give their constant attention and studied opinion. The enunciation of principles and policy that would stimulate Indian architecture, the rules and regulations that would effectively direct the building activities controlled by the Municipality and the Improvement Trust, the co-ordination between all public bodies, like the P.W.D. the Port Trust and the Railway authorities, which undertake large-scale building schemes and activities, the appointment of a competent architect for the Improvement Trust in place of Mr Cable who has gone on long leave, all these suggest problems of great urgency and importance. It cannot be said that the members of the Corporation are unaware of the dissatisfaction aroused against a system that tolerates the modern horrors in buildings erected around them. It is not yet too late to save the city from the nightmare structures that have disfigured its beauty. And there are those in the city conscious of the importance and necessity of an adequate direction and control of building activities as an essential preliminary to all civic growth who will be ready and willing to respond to the efforts for civic improvement which still await the attention of the Municipality. We hope, therefore, when Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moves his proposal, he will be able to find the right spirit, the right men and methods that will fruitfully evoke their response.

AN UNAUTHORIZED ADDRESS.

It is time the Muslim community of this Presidency bestirred itself and took effective measures to put a stop to the mischievous activities of certain individuals who, taking advantage of its apathy, misrepresent its views. The Viceroy will shortly visit Poona. Busy-bodies of a notorious type have decided to exploit the occasion by arranging to give an address to His Excellency on behalf of the Muslims of the Presidency. According to a correspondent of a contemporary a meeting was held in Poona on Monday in the Haroon Hall under the presidency of Sir Haroon Jaffer when the draft of the address was approved and "it was decided amidst great applause that Sir Haroon Jaffer should lead the deputation". If the new Poona knight and his admirers and followers are anxious to give an address to the Viceroy they are certainly welcome to do so. But they have no business or title to speak in the name of the Muslims of the Presidency. The latter, we have no doubt, have no desire to present any address. Granting, however, that such a desire existed among them, there were organised and representative institutions like the Anjuman-i-Islam and the Bombay Presidency Muslim League, to mention only two of them, which would not have failed to act in accordance with it. Again, the Muslim members of the local Legislative Council and the Central legislature may be said largely to represent the Muslims of the Presidency. We have reason to believe that no organised effort was made to consult these representatives as well as the accredited Muslim institutions in the Presidency and the deputation which Sir Haroon Jaffer proposes to lead is an entirely unauthorized one. We have no doubt immediate steps will be taken to repudiate it.

OUR MILL INDUSTRY.

A MILLOWNER'S VIEW.

(BY "A BLACK SHEEP.)

VII.

It will be seen from what I have said that the cost of production in India is very high. To reduce it, all concerned should co-operate. The present time should be known as a period of National Emergency. If India is to be saved from an industrial calamity, the Government, the millowners, the mill workers, the technical experts, the merchants and the general public should all do their own bit. Ninety per cent. of the causes that lead to such a high cost of production can be remedied by the millowners and mill-workers and merchants and consumers. The rest can be set right by the Government. The millowners should make a beginning rightaway by putting their houses in order to improve the management, by stopping the corrupt practices themselves. They must pay more personal attention with a will to make the industry pay, and this attention must be concentrated on the mills and mills alone. All "Futures" transactions in cotton and speculation in shares must be stopped immediately. They must, conjointly with the merchants, take such steps as would prevent Liverpool and New York from ruling the Indian Cotton and Wool rates. Government must abolish all import duties on mill stores and machinery and impose export duties on raw cotton and wool, and a further protective duty of 3 1/2 per cent. making a total import duty of 15 per cent. on all textile piecegtods and yarns must be imposed. These import and export duties should make up the deficiency in the Budget caused by abolition of import duties on Stores and Machinery. The super-tax must cease. There should be no further factory legislation for India for at least ten years.

A Swadeshi Vow

Export duties on raw materials may not be considered a sound policy by economists, but never mind them. This is a time of National Emergency. Fluctuating exchange makes foreign goods cheap. This can also be remedied. Mill workers must stop all the foreign methods preached by their leaders the barristers and solicitors who have nothing in common with them. These leaders if they have at their heart the well being of their country must lead the workers on the right path. More work and less waste per day must be the motto for employers and employees.

Piecegoods merchants can do a lot for the mills by whose help perhaps 80 per cent. of this class has become wealthy. The general public can help the mills by taking a vow of Swadeshi.

Wanted More Handlooms

Some say khaddar has done a lot of damage to the mills. They are wrong. Khaddar has done no damage. On the contrary it has helped the mills. The khaddar movement was never meant to compete with the mills. When I asked Mahatmaji so far back as 1917 if khaddar was to compete with the mill cloth or was to help it, Mahatmaji wrote to me saying that the khaddar movement was to help the mills by producing more cloth in India. Apart from hand-spun and hand woven khaddar, so much more khaddar can still be produced by utilising mill yarn—the export of which is at present nil and which is sold so cheap.

Perhaps the mills can be helped more if a strong movement is set on foot for the introduction of more and more hand looms, using mill made yarns. Millowners, do not hope for another world wide war to earn 500 per cent. profits. Remember we have lost four times or more, as much as we earned during or soon after the Great War. With another War a similar or worse situation will occur.

We want a permanent profit making time for the mills and prosperity for the country, till we get it.

Let us all be up and doing,
With a will for our country;
Still achieving still pursuing,
Labour hard for Liberty.

(Concluded.)

RESPONSIVE CO-OPERATION.

(By A MAHARASHTRIAN.)

IV.

The Royal Commission which was seriously talked of when Deshbandhu Das died has now vanished into the air, and we have to thank Messrs. Jayakar and Kelkar for it. Mr. Jayakar is after all an amateur politician, while, as for Mr. Kelkar, nobody knows what he really is; but between them they are doing ample mischief to the national cause. I am not one of those who expected much from this Royal Commission. Many such Commissions will have to come and go before we obtain any substantial rights, nor do I believe much in obstruction within the Councils. But so long as we are tied down to constitutional methods, we have no other alternative. The Act has given us some little powers. Let us use them to the fullest extent so as to bring the machine to a dead-lock and thereby prove to the world the futility and hollowness of the Reforms. If the machine improves, so much the better for us. If it breaks, still we gain by exposing a fraud. That is the principle underlying the Amritsar resolution and all subsequent Congress resolutions, which the Responsivists have failed to understand. It is a stern fight with a powerful bureaucracy and "dilettante," politicians have no place in it. We might succeed or we might fail; but failure will be more glorious than humiliating co-operation with a foreign autocracy.

Earlier Revolts.

As I remarked above the responsivist revolt was in contemplation long before Mr. V. J. Patel's presidentship. To understand it properly. I must refer to two prior revolts, one in the life-time of Lokmanya Tilak which was nipped in the bud, and the other in 1922 from Mahatma Gandhi's non-co-operation which brought into existence the present Swaraj Party. Each time the revolt was brought about by the temporary coalition of two conflicting elements who agreed in upsetting the status quo. To understand the first I shall have to mention a few facts which are not generally known to the public. Mr. Tilak with the intention of forming an independent political party had gathered round him men of diverse character who agreed in nothing except their attachment to him, and who like jealous wives constantly quarrelled among themselves. Mr. Tilak could not keep his private affairs distinct from his public activities. He selected friends and followers irrespective of their opinions or character for the only reason that they were personally useful to him. This led to two big errors of his life, which marred his later political career, viz., the notorious Tai Maharaj case which took up eighteen years of his valuable life and his mixing the Chirol case with the Congress deputation in 1919, which made his visit to England absolutely useless.

The Tai Maharaj Case.

It may be a revelation to the public, but it is an absolute fact that the Tai Maharaj case led to grievous consequences from which Maharashtra is still suffering. It put Mr. Tilak into Mr. Khaparde's leading strings, estranged him completely from Ranade and Pherozeshah Mehta, converted the late Shahu Chhatrapati Maharaj of Kolhapur from an enthusiastic admirer into his bitterest enemy and created the non-Brahmin faction which is now disintegrating Maharashtra politics. Mr. Tilak had absolutely no personal interests in the matter, and if he had resigned the executorship or at least remained neutral as many of his friends advised and both Tai Maharaj and Shahu Chhatrapati Maharaj of Kolhapur privately implored him, all these consequences would have been averted, and Maharashtra would have been made a living entity by the combined efforts of two very remarkable men, Mr. Tilak and the late Maharaja of Kolhapur. Mr. Tilak's visit to England for the Chirol case with a heterogenous band of lawyers and servants under the name of Congress deputation spoiled both the Chirol case and the Congress work. The name of the Congress prejudiced the jury and the result of the case chilled all public enthusiasm for the Congress. The failure of the case damped the ardour of his followers, who after return to India seriously tried to lead him into Moderate channels.

Notes of the Day.

Their Barren Outlook.

Lord Grey criticises the miners in Great Britain for their policy which, according to him, "refuses elasticity even temporarily in wages and hours." So the voice of Asquithian Liberalism is raised against the poor miner and from the Baldwin Government, barren in their outlook, he can have no hopes whatsoever. In reply to a question in the Commons regarding his intention to appoint a Wages Board Mr. Baldwin gave the totally inadequate and provoking reply that the "success of such a board depended upon the desire of the industry to make it succeed." It is not the miners, who are unwilling to make the Wages Board a success. In fact they demand its appointment; it is the mine-owners who do not want any recommendations of the Coal Commission to be brought into effect which will prevent their insistence on longer hours and reduced wages and they are looking forward to one factor against the miners to make them climb down, the starvation factor. To-day when the new Eight Hours Bill becomes law, three-quarters of a million miners will be offered the option of becoming black-legs by agreeing to work another hour at the old rate of wages. But the response to the offer is expected to be, indeed, very meagre.

None Too Soon.

Nationalists in Maharashtra will be pleased to find that the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress has at last realised the urgency of securing the best candidates for the next legislative elections from the Deccan. The Working Committee has appointed Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and a small Committee which will have the assistance of local leaders to select the best men and has placed a sum of Rs. 1,000 at his disposal for propaganda in Maharashtra. This step is taken none too soon. It is notorious that while the district Congress organisations in the Deccan are in Nationalists' hands and the masses are unflinching in their devotion to the Congress programme blessed by Gandhiji, the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee is dominated by the Responsivists who are determined to ridicule Congress work all over Maharashtra. The new Committee, with the help of local nationalist leaders ought to combat this anti-Congress activity now by embarking upon a well-arranged propaganda tour.

Dr. Kitchlew and Congress.

The exaggerated importance given to the Councils as at present constituted has been a fruitful source of unhealthy rivalry and communal squabbles. Dr. Kitchlew did well to remind the Hindus and Muslims of Calcutta the other day that the best work for Swaraj can be and needs to be done outside the Councils. As such work can be most effectively done under the auspices of a thoroughly representative and non-sectarian institution like the Congress, Dr. Kitchlew appealed to all and his community in particular to join the Congress in large numbers. In 1921, when more work and less talk was the rule, even great leaders went about from door to door and persuaded men in their hamlets to join the Congress. There has been since a considerable decline in the number of Congress members, especially among the Muslims. If Dr. Kitchlew, who has influence with Hindus and Muslims alike, would resume in the Punjab his Congress work of 1921, aided by a band of volunteers, he will not only have less reason to be sick of communalism but will have also given the right lead in the right manner.

Arbitrary and High-Handed.

Mr. S. G. Lavate, a well-known leader of Poona, addressed the other day a public meeting on "Hindu-Muslim riots and how to avert them." At that meeting Mr. Lavate suggested to the Hindus that it was best for them not to lead out processions at all. Officials should have felt thankful to one who at least makes an attempt to eliminate the very cause of a common trouble. But the ways of the District Magistrate of Poona are strange. He invites Mr. Lavate and advises him not to make any speeches on Hindu-Muslim question lest he should thereby create communal ill-feeling. And when Mr. Lavate naturally declined to accept the advice, the Magistrate served him with an order under Section 42 of the District Police Act forbidding him to speak at Poona on Hindu-Muslim tension. From the nature of the advice that Mr. Lavate gave to his co-religionists and from his known peaceful ways it is impossible to conclude that he could have expressed any sentiments calculated to exasperate either community. Till the Magistrate proves to the satisfaction of the public the offensive character of Mr. Lavate's speech, his action cannot but be regarded as arbitrary and high-handed.

The Tax-Payer Penalised.

The members of the Special Textile Tariff Board have been in Bombay for several days, but there is yet no sign of their beginning their work. The Millowners' Association have, we understand, not yet submitted their case for protection and until that is done, it will not be possible for the Tariff Board to frame their questionnaire and to call for evidence from the public. The delay on the part of the Millowners' Association seems unconscionable, having regard to the fact that they had sufficient notice of the appointment of the Board. It is the general tax payer who will have to pay for the expenses of the Board. Is it fair to him that the Millowners' Association who, to judge by their propaganda, should have been ready by this time with their case, should delay in presenting it and thus unnecessarily add to his burden?

SETTLEMENT AT LAST!

BENGAL SWARAJISTS' REUNION.

ALL DIFFERENCES COMPOSED.

CALCUTTA, July 7.

The differences that arose among the members of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, following on the meeting of the Committee on the 13th of the last month, have been composed, and a settlement has been arrived at between Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, President B. P. C. C, and Messrs, T. C. Goswami, Sarat Chandra Bose, Nilmal Chunder Nalinranjan Sarkar, and Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy.—A. P.

POINTS OF DIFFERENCE SETTLED.

CALCUTTA, July 7.

The following joint statement has been issued over the signatures of Messrs. Sen Gupta and T. C. Goswami:—

"We are glad to announce that the points of difference and misunderstandings with regard to Congress work in Bengal which unfortunately arose but which were not of a fundamental character have been set at rest after free and heart to heart discussion on all the points at issue. We feel satisfied that we have agreed on such steps to be taken as would ensure the solidarity of the Congress in our province.

We now look forward to harmonious work in the best interest of the country and of the Congress which we believe to be her best and truest servant. It would have been more or less than human if in the heat of controversy as to matter in which both parties believed ardently and honestly no recriminations were made. Nevertheless we wish they could have been avoided so far as we are concerned. Any reflections cast on each other during the last few days are completely erased from our minds and hearts, and we trust they will be entirely obliterated in the minds of our countrymen in whose service we have in years past worked in concord, and hope to do so in future."—A. P.

In course of the joint statement issued on the subject Messrs. Sen Gupta and Goswami state, "We feel satisfied that we have agreed on such steps to be taken as would ensure solidarity of the Congress in our provinces. We now look forward to harmonious work in the best interests of the country and of the Congress, which we believe to be her best and truest servant." A. P.

DEGENERACY IN BENGAL POLITICS.

OFFICE HUNTING BY SWARAJISTS

CALCUTTA, July 7.

Under caption "Office hunting by the Bengal Swarajists" the "Bengalee" publishes to-day what is purported to be the text of a confidential letter, written by a prominent Swarajist to the member of the present Bengal Government on May 25th. The letter discusses the policy of the Swarajists in respect of non-acceptance of office. Referring to Lord Lytton, the letter says, "He is a straight, well-meaning and liberal-minded gentleman." That he may yet induce the Swaraj Party to form a Ministry provided all the political prisoners are released, and they "be given proper scope and financial facilities in running the transferred departments."

The writer of the letter expresses his confidence that in spite of the seeming difficulties, the Swarajist would be able to secure as many as 50 out of 57 Hindu seats, and says that if the formation of a Ministry by the Swarajists on honourable terms were not made possible, the alternative would be a purely Muhamadan Ministry formed by Sir Abdur Rahim, which would lead to launching of the most contro versial of communal legislation such as separate communal representation in the local bodies, and division of education grants among the two communities in such a manner as to prejudicially affect not only the Hindus but also the Muslims. Thereupon the Hindu public even that section of them who have so far been in favour of the Government will naturally be markedly offended not only with the Muslims but even more with the Government that would be nourishing and supporting them. This, the writer says, would create an atmosphere not in the least favourable to the success of any Government. Free Press.

DR. KITCHLEW'S TOUR IN MADRAS

PATNA, July 6.

Dr. Kitchlew left this morning for Amritsar on his way to Tuticorin for three months' Tanzim tour in Madras.—A.P.

Her Highness the Maharanisaheb, President of Gwalior Council of Regency, has made donation of Rs. 8,000 to the Servant of India Society's fire relief fund—A. P.

TEXTILE ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.

ANOTHER MEMBER TO BE CO-OPTED.

MILLOWNERS FOR IMPERIAL PREFERENCE?

The members of the Textile Enquiry Committee who have arrived here in the beginning of this month are enjoying the monsoon weather in Bombay. The evidence of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association is not yet ready and the members are occasionally meeting in the Town Hall to discuss the preliminary questions. It is understood that regular sittings will commence from Monday next when it is expected the Bombay Mill-owners will lead the evidence before the Committee. Meanwhile, it is reported that the members will visit as many mills as possible to study first hand the working conditions. Almost all the members, hailing as they do from distant provinces, are strangers to the textile conditions prevalent in Bombay. This drawback is realised by the members of the Committee and it is reported that the Government of India have empowered the Commitee to co-opt one more member, preferably a textile expert with no stake or interest in the industry before the commencement of the sitting. Many candidates are said to be in the running for the post.

The evdence of the Bombay Mill-owners is said to be the keystone of the arch and speculation is rife as to the probable attitude they will adopt in view of the Government of India's reply to their original suggestions. Strict secrecy is maintained regarding their line of advocacy but a prominent mill-owner assured a representative of this paper that they would again put forward the issue of Japanese competition and ask for an increase in the import duty of Japanese piece-goods. He said that they would be satisfied if the Government revised the Japanese tariff and would not press for a similar protection against Lancashire.

Apart from the written evidence of the Association, many leading mill-owners will, it is understood, give evidence in their personal capacity.

Other public bodies like the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Chamber of Commerce, Piece-Goods Merchants' Association will also give evidence.

DISSOLUTION OF CANADIAN PARLIAMENT

REJOINDER TO MR. KING'S STATEMENT

LONDON, July 6.

Ottawa.—Mr. Guthrie, Minister of Justice, has, on behalf of Government, issued a rejoinder to Mr. Mackenzie King's statement as regards the dissolution of Parliament. Mr. Guthrie points out that the forms and procedure of dissolution were precisely the same as those prepared and proposed by Mr. Mackenzie King himself four days previously when he sought dissolution. He adds that Mr. Meighen acted in accordance with the established precedents and forms in the office of the Privy Council of Canada.—Reuter's Special.

COLONIAL MANDATES

QUESTION ABOUT GERMANY'S CLAIM

LONDON, July 6.

In the House of Commons Rt. Hon. Buxton asked whether the claim of Germany to participate in the Colonial mandates was recognised by the Locarno agreement, and whether the recent statement of Mr. Amery that the Tanganyika mandate was a permanent represented policy of the Cabinet.

Mr. Baldwin replied that the question of the Colonial mandates was not dealt with in the Locarno Agreement, but that the German delegation at Locarno was told verbally that Germany when a member of the League would be a possible candidate for the mandates. No promise or undertaking was given to the German Government. The answer to the second part of the question was in the affirmative.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN CAPTAIN & THE TEST

LONDON, July 6.

Collins, the Australian captain is suffering from arthritis of the shoulder and will be unable to play in the third test match on 10th July, and will not participate in the Australians' Scottish tour. He hopes to be fit to play in the fourth test on 24th July.—Reuter's Special.

INTER-VARSITY MATCH

LONDON, July 6.

At Lord's there were 10,000 spectators on the second day of the inter-varsity match. The weather was dull. Oxford were all out in their first innings for 162 runs, Lowe being responsible for five wickets for 22 runs, including a hat-trick, and Enthoven for three for 39. Cambridge who had scored 178 runs in their first innings then entered on their second venture, and had made 126 for three at the close of play.—Reuter's Special.

LONDON, July 7.

In the inter-Varsity cricket match, Cambridge beat Oxford by 34 runs.—Reuter.

8-HOUR BILL.

LORDS PASS SECOND READING.

GOVT. ANXIOUS TO DISPOSE OF BILL TO-DAY.

LONDON, July 6.

In the House of Lords there was a dramatic intervention during the mines eight-hour bill debate, Lord Cecil announced postponement of further stages of the measure. He explained that Government had abandoned its intention of seeking special facilities in order, finally, to dispose off the bill to-morrow. He declared that Government regarded themselves as under special obligations to miners as well as owners, and added that Government did not call for comments on the merits of the wage-rates offered by the owners, but the proposals advanced in one part of the country seemed to them profoundly unsatisfactory.

The House of Lords passed the second reading of the eight-hour bill after a statement by Lord Salisbury that the third reading will normally occur on 8th July unless something intervenes to necessitate an alteration of procedure.—Reuter

MR. THOMAS' GREAT TRIUMPH

NO-CONFIDENCE MOTION REJECTED

LONDON, July 6.

Mr. Thomas has sent a letter to the press representatives explaining that all could return to the N. U. R. Conference at Weymouth without discrimination, Journalists have decided to attend the public session to-morrow.

Mr. Thomas secured a great triumph at the Weymouth N. U. R. Conference, A resolution was proposed endorsing the attitude of the N. U. R. representative to the T. C. C. General Council, An amendment moved of no confidence in Mr. Thomas was rejected by an overwhelming majority, only six delegates voting for Mr. Thomas's dismissal from the general secretaryship.—Reuter's Special,

BORROWERS' PROTECTION BILL.

TWO MINOR AMENDMENTS PASSED

SIMLA, July 6.

Very little progress was made in the Punjab Council in the Borrowers Protection Bill except for two minor amendments which were passed with the support of the Mahomedan members. The oppositionists lost at every turn. One of the two amendments which were passed, moved by Sheikh Muhammad Siddiq, exempted a loan advanced by a landlord to a tenant or lessee or a partner or their children upto two hundred rupees.

A controversy raged round that part of clause three which related to the language or script in which accounts including numerals are to be recorded, Lt. Sikandar Hayat's amendment for the selection of the proviso that Government should not prescribe a language was carried in spite of opposition by Hindu members, Government remaining neutral. The proposition of Mr. Gray that Government should prescribe a print in each account book the form of Urdu, Nagari, Gurmukhi and English numerals, and that these numerals alone should be used was carried, the Hindu members dissenting.—A. P.

ALLEGED ASSAULT OF RLY. GATEMAN.

4 POLICEMEN SUSPENDED

MADRAS, July 6.

The Deputy Commissioner of Police, Northern Range, has placed under suspension one head constable and three constables of the city police. It is alleged that on Sunday night, when these four men were marching out of the station on patrol duty they had an altercation with the railway gate watchman at level crossing. It is stated that the gate was closed as a train was coming on the line, and the policemen asked the gateman to open it for them. An altercation ensued in the course of which the gateman is alleged to have been assaulted. The gateman is now lying in hospital. The case is being investigated. A. P.

BILLS TO COME BEFORE MADRAS COUNCIL.

MADRAS, July 7.

Besides consideration of the Madras Irrigation Bill, the Malabar Tenancy Bill and the City Tenants' Protection Act (amendment) Bill, non-official business at meeting of Madras Legislative Council which meets on 10th instant will include motions for leave to introduce a bill to amend the Elementary Education Act, a Bill to amend the Local Boards Act, a bill to amend the Madras Religious Endowments Act and a bill to amend the Law of intestate succession among the Jains. A. P.

POWERS' SINCERITY SUSPECTED.

WU-PEI-FU'S THREAT.

SEQUEL TO TARIFF CONFERENCE ADJOURNMENT

LONDON, July 6.

The recent inconclusive adjournment of the International Tariff Conference at Peking, which attempted to devise methods for conferring a greater degree of tariff autonomy on China, has provoked strong comment from Wu Pei-Fu who, in an interview, according to a Peking message, declared that the closing of the conference implied an indefinite suspension which made him suspect the sincerity of the Powers. He was determined to appoint a new delegation. Then, if the Powers still refused to continue the conference he would proclaim Chinese tariff autonomy forthwith.

JAPANESE PRESS COMMENTS.

Tokio.—Newspapers ascribe the adjournment, firstly, to the chaos in China, secondly to the efforts of the Powers stubbornly to uphold their respective claims and, thirdly, to the Japanese attempt to exceed the scope originally contemplated.—Reuter.

CHANGES IN CHINESE CABINET

LONDON, July 6.

Peking.—The Cabinet met, to-day for the first time under Tuhsikuei. Further changes are: Chang Kuolan takes the portfolio of the Interior, Lowenkan that of Justice, and Admiral Tsi Tingkan, the Chinese delegate to the Tariff Conference, Foreign Affairs.—Reuter.

ENGINEER ELLIOT.

SUCCUMBS TO INJURIES

BAGHDAD, July 7.

Mr. Cobham's Engineer Elliot died last night as a result of the injuries.—Reuter.

[Elliot was reported to have been hit by a rifle bullet while passing over Hammar Lake on Monday in the attempted flight from Baghdad to Bushire.]

BENGAL COUNCIL.

MUSLIM SWARAJISTS ATTEND

CALCUTTA, July 6.

Although none of the Hindu Swarajist members and some Nationalist members attended to-day's meeting of the Bengal Council, five Mahomedan Swarajist members attended and took part in the proceedings. Seven non-official Bills were introduced but all except one, were rejected at the time of reference to select committee. The Council adjourned till Thursday afternoon.—A.P.

COUNCIL OF STATE BYE-ELECTION.

MR. K. S. ROY AS CONGRESS CANDIDATE.

CALCUTTA, July 5.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee has adopted Mr. Kumar Sanker Roy as the Congress candidate from East Bengal, for the seat in the Council of State fallen vacant on the death of the Raja of Dighapatia.—Free Press.

POLICE BOYCOTTED.

FRACAS IN HYDERABAD SIND

HYDERABAD (Sind), July 7.

A fracas has been reported to have taken place between the police and the inhabitants of Matiari. It is said that owing to the police prosecution against Pir Gulam Mujadi of Maitriari, inhabitants of the place have boycotted the police, who now find it difficult to get their supplies of food from the shopkeepers. This seems to have led to a quarrel between the police and the inhabitants. Police officials from Hyderabad have proceeded to Matiari.—Free Press.

DACOIT ESCAPES FROM COURT

CALCUTTA, July 6.

Before the Sub-Divisional Officer, Alipore, this afternoon Amir Shaik and two others who were responsible for many dacoities, were sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each. Before judgment was pronounced Amir Shaik escaped and could not be traced yet.—Free Press.

EXPERTS' REPORT.

IMPORTANT DEBATE IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

3 MILLIARDS EXTRA REVENUE.

LONDON, July 6.

Paris.—A queue longer than that on the first night of the most popular theatrical production awaited in the Chamber at the opening of what is widely described as the most important debate since the war. Even the Ministers' wives were compelled to wait their turn. A queue of dummies stood throughout the night for reserving places.

Proceedings opened in impressive silence. M. Caillaux, speaking almost inaudibly, was exhorted to "speak up," and he declared that he generally agreed with the Experts' report though he did not intend servilely to follow them, especially regarding taxation. He pointed out that though the budget was balanced in 1926 it was now necessary to repay advances to the Banque de France, consolidate the short-term debt and increase the salaries of under-paid state employees. For these purposes he proposed to obtain three milliards extra revenue.—Reuter's Special.

RESTORE COUNTRY'S FINANCES.

CAILLAUX'S IMPASSIONED APPEAL

LONDON, July 6.

Paris.—In the Chamber M. Caillaux revealed that the Treasury's bank balance at present only amounted to half a milliard francs which would be less, but for the sale of part of the Morgan loan. He concluded with an impassioned adjuration to the Chamber not to act like an exhausted soldier and throw down the knapsack but to make a determined effort to restore the country's finances.—Reuter.

FRENCH NAVAL PROGRAMME

CHAMBER APPROVES OF BILL

LONDON, July 6.

Paris.—The Chamber, to-day, approved of a Bill providing for the laying down, by 30th June 1927, at an estimated cost of eleven million gold francs, of one Cruiser, three Destroyers, four torpedo boats, one submarine cruiser, five first-class submarines, and several minor craft as part of a general building programme.—Reuter.

GIVEN THE SACK.

PORTUGUESE MINISTERS

LONDON, July 6.

Lisbon.—It is semi-officially announced that Premier General Gomes Dacosta, on the ground that the Cabinet as at present constituted has not satisfied the aspirations of revolution, is dispensing with the services of the Ministers for Colonies, Interior and Foreign Affairs, Major Ochoa, Dr. Antonio Claro and General Carmona.—Reuter.

NATIONAL UNITY.

PROPAGANDA IN BEHAR

PATNA, July 7.

In pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Working Committee of the Provincial Congress Committee active steps are being taken to carry on a vigorous propaganda throughout the province on the lines suggested by the joint conference of Hindu and Muslim leaders held at Chapra under the presidency of Maulana Mashrul Haque the other day. Funds are being raised for the purpose, and amongst the first contributors is Mr. Sachidananda Sinha, who has just retired from the Executive Council. Free Press.

CABLE ITEMS.

Mr. Bertie Webster, Commissioner of Police, Rangoon, has been appointed Commissioner of Police, Rangoon, shrd shdl missioner, the Port of London authority's police.

In the House of Commons, replying to questions, Mr. Locker-Lampson said Sir Geoffrey Archer, Governor-General of the Sudan, had been medically advised that it was essential for him to take at least an year's rest in temperate climate, after a quarter of a century in the tropics, and that Government had regretfully accepted his resignation.

A London message says:—The death has occurred of Mr. Albert Birmingham Miller, ex-President of the Bank of Bengal.

MYSORE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

MYSORE, July 7.

The volume of work of H. H. the Maharajah's Executive Council having enormously increased it has now been decided to appoint Mr. C. S. Ballasunderam Iyer, Revenue Commissioner, as extra member of the Council. Mr. Iyer will also represent His Highness on the Committee of the Chamber of Princes meeting in Delhi shortly.—A. P.

CURRENCY COMMISSION REPORT.

SIMULTANEOUS PUBLICATION.

FORECAST IN BANKING CIRCLES.

CALCUTTA, July 7.

A cable to the "Statesman" dated London July 6, says that the report of the Currency Commission is completed and will shortly be published simultaneously in India and England.

The Banking circles expect the report to recommend stabilisation of the Rupee at one shilling six pence.—Free Press.

MECCA CONFERENCE.

SUB-COMMITTEE FORMED.

On Monday the 8th June Sultan Ibn Saud, writes the "Umrul Qura," opened the Conference, the first of its kind. The sitting began with recitation from the Holy Koran, after which the Sultan's inaugural address was read by his Chief of the Staff, Hafiz Wahba. After the address, the Sultan left the hall, and the delegates selected a temporary president.

DELEGATES.

The Delegates present in the first sitting were as follows:—

CENTRAL KHILAFAT COMMITTEE OF INDIA: Syed Sulaiman Mohamad Ali, Saukat Ali and Shuaib Quraishi, JAMIATUL ULEMA OF INDIA:—Mhd. Kifayatullah, Ahmed, Syd., Abdul Haleem Siddiki Shahbeer Ahmed Osmani; AHLE-HADEES OF INDIA:—Sanaullah Hameedullah, Abdulwahid Ghuznavee, Ismail Ghuznavee; KHILAFAT COMMITTEE OF EGYPT:—Mohd. Mazi Abdulazaini, Syed Kamil Effendi; ULEMA of EGYPT: Abdus Salam Haikal, Abu Sahem, and Mahmud Ali Mansur; JAVA DELEGATES:—M. Said Shakroot Mainto, Haji Mansur, M. Baker, S. Jenan Taiyeb; JAMIAT IRSHAD JAVA:—S. S. Umar Haji and Mohamud Bin Talib; PALESTINE DELEGATES:—H. Emin Effendi, Sh: Ismail Effendi, Ejaz Effendi Navihaz; BEYRUT DELEGATES:—Abdul Ghani Sukaki, Hasan Almakki; SYRIAN DELEGATES:—Behjat-ul-Baitar, S. Harun, SUDAN DELEGATES:—Abulkasim Ameen, Ibrahim Mudassir; NEJDI DELEGATES:—Abdullah Sio Bulaihed, Hafiz Wahba, Dr. Abdullah Dabloni, Hamdul Khatib and Yusuf Yasin; HEJAZ DELEGATION:—Sherif Aduan, Sherif Hezza, Sherif Ali Hursee, Abdullah Shebun, Abdullah Alfazal, Suleman Kaloil and Saud Shisha Arif-el-Ehdi, Esmail bin Bis Bek, Mohd. Naseeb Nejib bin Bunyan Ibrahim Aij, Mohdalmaghrabi; ASEER DELEGATES:—Tewfik Sherif, M. buddin, Abdulwahid, Mehdi: A. Rahman; Abu Zar, Abdul Azeez Ateequi; RUSSIA and TURKISTAN:—Kashafuddin, Muslaand Tahil Ilyas.

At the outset the discussion centred on the election of the President. Maulana Mohamad Ali and other members of the Central Khilafat and Jamiat-ul-Ulema trying to have the President of the Turkish Delegation as the President of the Conference, while the Ale Hadis of Indian and Arab Delegates supported Sharif Adnan, Mr. Shuaib Quereshi and Maulana Shaukat Ali questioned the credentials of individual delegates whereupon it was decided that after the election of the President a Sub-Committee would look into the credentials of delegates individually and collectively. Finally, votes were taken and Sherif Adnan was elected President by a majority, and the head of the Russian Delegation and Syed Sulaim were elected Vice-Presidents.

In the second sitting of the Conference, a Sub-Committee was formed to frame rules and bye-laws for the conduct of the Conference.

The Conference was then adjourned till after the Haj time, as the delegates of countries like Afghanistan and Turkey were still to come.

A FATWA OF ULEMA.

ABOUT VISITING GRAVES.

As there have been differences of opinion between the Nejdis and other Muslim sects, writes the "Assiyasa" of Cairo, about visiting the graves of Saints resulting in petty quarrels, for Nejdis think it profane to kiss or bow down near a tomb, the matter was deliberated upon by certain leading Ulema present in Mecca, and the following Fatwa was issued under the signatures of Maulana Habeebur Rahmankhan Sherwani, head of the Religious Department of Hyderabad, Deccan, Syed Sulaiman Nadvi (India), Messrs. Abdul Latif, Abdullah Abdul Aziz and Abdullah bin Bulaihed of Nejd, Mohamed Albaquer of Java, Messrs. Abdul Tawab and Abdul Wahid (India), Abdul Wahid Kavi of Russia, Senaullah (India), Abdur Rahman bin Ismail Amri of Russia, Eminel Husaini of Palestine, Rechid Reza and Abul Azaim of Egypt and several others from other countries:

(1) That a committee be formed consisting of Nejdis, Indians, Egyptians and Javanese (two Ulemas from each country) to instruct Muslims that while visiting tombs of saints they should not transgress the laws laid down by the Shariat and do nothing that is forbidden by religion.

(2) That the Sultan be asked to increase the number of police and station them near the tombs to protect pilgrims from being harassed by Nejdis.

HIGH COURT.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

7 YEARS FOR HOUSE-BREAKING AND GRIEVOUS HURT.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Percival.)

King Emperor.

Vs.

Morarji Khimji.

In this case, the facts whereof were reported in these columns on Tuesday, His Lordship sentenced the accused to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment.

PLEADER'S UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

SUSPENSION UPHELD

A petition for review was presented before the Hon. the Chief Justice Sir Amberson Marten and Mr. Justice Madgaokar, on the Appellate Side of the High Court, by Mr. R. K. Dadachanji, a pleader practising in the Bombay Small Causes Court, against the order passed by a Bench of the High Court in December last, suspending him from practice for four years as a disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct, under Section 25 of the Pleaders' Act.

The petitioner, who argued his case in person, stated that the petition was made under Section 114 read with Order 47, rule (1) of the Civil Procedure Code, on the ground that there were errors of law and mistakes of fact as well as serious irregularities of procedure in the case.

The Chief Justice: How do you bring your case under Order 47, rule (1)?

The petitioner said that in miscellaneous proceedings, the provisions for suits mentioned in Section 141 applied, and this petition being such a proceeding, the provisions regarding the review in suits applied here also.

Dealing with the main grounds on which the petition was based, the petitioner submitted that the report of the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court was made without jurisdiction and inadmissible, and the Government Pleader's application being based on it was therefore incompetent.

COMMENTS, NOT CHARGES.

Further, the Court had no jurisdiction to formulate two new charges against the petitioner which were not contained in the Government Pleader's application. Those new charges were (1) that "for many years the petitioner had been a hindrance to the administration of justice by the judges of the Small Causes Court", and (2) that the petitioner "had imposed a state of terrorism upon the minds of the judges before whom he appeared." These fresh charges, contended the petitioner, seriously prejudiced his case as he had been given no opportunity of making his defence on these points.

The Chief Justice: They were the Court's comments on your conduct, not new charges.

As the petitioner proceeded to deal with other grounds, the Chief Justice remarked that most of them did not fall within Order 47, rule (1). His Lordship referred to a case decided by the Privy Council (47, Indian Appeals), where it was held that no review petition could be entertained unless there were errors of law or the discovery of some new evidence which was not before the trial Court. Points of fact which were already decided by the trial Court could not be re-opened at all.

NO BREACH OF DISCIPLINE.

Coming to his next point, the petitioner contended that if there was any habitual obstruction or offensive conduct on his part towards the judges, they would have certainly taken action against him under the powers specially vested in them by Sections 83 and 85 of the Presidency Small Causes Act. The absence of any such action was an indication that he was not guilty of any such misconduct. A breach of discipline ceased to be a breach of discipline unless taken notice of at once. So far as the alleged offensive scenes in Court were concerned, it was not competent to institute the present summary proceedings without exhausting the legal remedies given to the complaining judges by Sections 83 and 85 of the Presidency Small Causes Act.

Proceeding, the petitioner said, that he was charged with having written to the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court that a judgment delivered by the Fourth Judge had been written for him by a certain counsel. That allegation, he submitted, was not his own suggestion, but it was so stated to him by the judge himself. The petitioner claimed that his relations with the judges were of a cordial character, as could be seen from the fact that he was often given special facilities by them.

CRITICISING THE JUDGE.

The petitioner then dealt with the charge that he had written letters to the judges criticising them and their judgments. He submitted that a judge could be criticised after a case was over. There was a decision of the Privy Council to that effect.

The Chief Justice: You can criticise a judge, but not improperly.

The petitioner: But even unfair criticism is not a ground of taking action.

The Chief Justice: Not unfair, but dishonest criticism. That cannot be allowed.

The petitioner then referred to a ruling given by Sir Lawrence Jenkins (Indian Law Reports, 30 B., 455) to the effect that a pleader was bound to point out to the Court any errors in its judgment, and thereby assist the Court in its duty. He submitted that whenever he had criticised the judges, it was from a sense of duty in accordance with this ruling.

Mr. Justice Madgaokar asked the petitioner for the reference of the case which his Lordship noted down.

LIMITED PUBLICITY.

It was further submitted by the petitioner that the criticisms he had made in his letters to the judges had a very limited publicity, since they were not addressed to anyone else except the individual addressee. There was, therefore, no sufficient basis for putting his case, as the trial Court had done, on an analogy with the Privy Council case (41, Indian Appeals) wherein a journalist-barrister of Allahabad was suspended for four years for criticising a judge in his paper.

The Chief Justice:—In England, the Benchers would have disbarred a barrister in such a case.

The petitioner:—But he has a right of appeal to the High Court and the Lord Chancellor.

Continuing his arguments, the petitioner submitted that since the 1st July 1925 when the report was made by the Chief Judge, there was no further complaint against him by any judge, and the Chief Judge had stated that what was said and done by the petitioner was treated as a family-affair. There was no complaint against him that his conduct had tended to lower the judges in the estimation of the public. He was not guilty of any moral turpitude or of any offence against the public. Nor was his character anything but gentlemanly.

Mr. Justice Madgaokar: In your opinion, you maintained the highest traditions of the Bar and a gentleman? We take it from you.

A FINE OF RS. ONE LAKH.

Concluding, the petitioner submitted that he had helped the administration of justice for a period of 30 years, and no member of his profession had any cause of complaint against him. If he was guilty of any disrespect to the Court, the punishment he had already suffered was quite adequate. The punishment ought to be in proportion to the degree of guilt, as Oswald says in his book on "Contempt." His suspension for four years, he submitted, amounted to a fine of Rs. 1 lakh which was the loss of income he would have to suffer during the period. It was too severe, and out of all proportion to the degree of his offence.

Their Lordships, in rejecting the petition, observed that most of the grounds did not fall within Order 47, Rule (1), and that there were no errors of law or the discovery of any fresh evidence which would justify the Court to interfere. But the petitioner had persisted in treating this petition as an appeal rather than a review, and had argued on points which were not permitted. The petitioner still seemed to be of opinion that he had always acted *bonafide* in the interests of his clients, and that as a member of the Bar he had nothing to ask forgiveness for, and that he was wrongly punished. He had now adopted a different attitude from the position taken up by his counsel on his behalf in the trial Court. In their Lordships' opinion, the arguments of the petitioner were wholly erroneous and no sufficient grounds had been shown to alter the order of the trial Court.

We understand that the petitioner is contemplating an appeal to the Privy Council against this judgment.

REGISTRATIONS IN BOMBAY

The Triennial Report on the administration of the Registration Department in the Bombay Presidency for the years 1923-25, indicates a decline in the number of registrations, as compared with the preceding triennium, from 320,571 to 300,563, a fall of 20,008 or 6.2 per cent. This is attributed to slack business conditions and tightness in the money market. In the Cotton districts of East Khandesh and Dharwar it is attributed to low outturn of cotton and fall in prices.

The total gross income of the Department declined from Rs. 12,93,062 to Rs. 12,40,816 or by 4.04 per cent. Besides a decrease in the number of documents, there was a fall in the value of immovable property, and in Bombay despite an increase of 500 in registrations the aggregate value of the immovable property transferred declined by more than 2 crores and as a consequence the receipts from Bombay fell by Rs. 25,757. The total expenditure has declined from Rs. 6,18,290 in 1924 to Rs. 6,15,451 or by 4 per cent. The decrease is mostly due to the abolition of posts of Sub-Registrars and Karkuns.

ROCKFELLER FOUNDATION SCHOLARSHIPS

MADRAS, July 6.

Government of India had been asked by the managing committee of the Rockfeller Foundation of America who are giving scholarships to people of various countries of the world to select six candidates from India on their behalf to specialize in medicine. On recommendations of local Governments, Government of India have selected only four men of whom two are from Madras one from the United Provinces and the other from the Punjab. Candidates selected from Madras are Dr. Krishnan, bacteriologist of the Guindy Institute and R. Udisesha Aiyer, Assistant Director of Public Health. They leave Madras on 29th instant for America via Bombay. Dr. Krishnan will study advanced bacteriology at St. John Hopkin's University on the subject of vital statistics.—A. P.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Babu Ranajit Chandra Lahiri, a leading pleader and Babu Jogendranath Mitra, zemindar, Sitlal, were arrested on the 6th instant, in connection with the immersion of mutilated images. Bail was allowed.—A. P.

In connection with the looting of Sujanagore shops 19 Mahomedans were arrested this morning. Further police reinforcements have arrived from different districts.—A. P.

The Mahomedan members of the Calcutta Corporation met the Mayor and discussed the situation caused by their resignation. It is understood that no definite decision was arrived at. The Mahomedan viewpoint appears to be that the Corporation should rescind the resolution appointing a committee of enquiry into the conduct of the Deputy Mayor and adopt a resolution appointing a fresh committee after framing specific charges against him.—A. P.

The "Co-operators' Day" was celebrated on a grand scale by the local Co-optrative Societies at Gadag, under the presidentship of Rev. Canon C.S. Rivington, the Father of the Co-operative Movement in the taluka.

The President reminded the audience of the arduous task the first pioneers had to do and dwelt at length on the moral aspect of the co-operative movement and exhorted all co-operators to achieve it.

The Director of Public Health, Punjab, recently made offer to Lahore and Amritsar municipalities and it is believed to other local bodies also that Government would meet half the cost of any anti-plague measures taken by them from 1st July provided the committees agreed to pay the other half. Lahore and Amritsar municipalities have accepted the suggestion and agreed to provide the money for this work.—A.P.

A Shillong message states:—At the meeting of the Council on the 6th instant a resolution urging the improvement of road communication was adopted. The Finance Member agreed to make a provision of ten lakhs in the next budget for this purpose and a committee was appointed to advise Government as to the programme of road improvement.—A. P.

The scheme prepared by the Education Officer for the introduction of free and compulsory primary education in Calcutta within a period of eight years including the imposition of a small education cess is under consideration of the Education Committee of the Calcutta Corporation. A. P.

U. Wimala Buddhist priest and one of the four accused in a case of defrauding the Yokohama Specie Bank in respect of Rs. 3,000 by presenting a false token, fainted and dropped down in the court while the case against him was proceeding in the magistrate's court at Rangoon. The case, was, in consequence adjourned till 26th July.—F. P. I.

The Rangoon police arrested an American negro named J. S. Granville who is wanted by the Bombay police on charges of cheating and forgery. The accused was said to have been a smelter in the employ of Messrs. Tata Iron Works stole a cheque book and forging the signature withdrew some money from the Bank there and absconded. The accused was sent under escort to Calcutta to-day.—F. P. I.

A message from Chittagong says that the University having approved of the admission of the female students in the Intermediate and B. A. Classes of the Chittagong College 3 girls, including the daughter of the Divisional Commissioner have been admitted into the second year and one girl into the first year class. Of these 4 girls, 2 are reported to be Mahomedans. F. P. I.

Pandit Madan Mohan Majaviya, who arrived at Mymensingh on Monday was accorded a splendid reception and was presented with addresses of welcome by the Municipality, the local Hindu Sabha, the Hindu Hitasadhini Sabha and the citizens. He addressed several meetings.—F. P. I.

The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Khilafat Committee has unanimously decided to advise Mussalmans to seek their election on the Congress ticket. Applications have been invited from the intending candidates on or before 22nd July 1926.—A. P.

Sir T. Vijaraghavachariar, who has agreed to open the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto on 28th August will hand over charge of the office of Director of Industries in Madras on 14th July and proceed to Bombay. A. P.

A vote of no confidence was passed by the Municipality of Murtizapur in Berar, in their special meeting held on the 6th instant against their Vice President Mr. Nasurkhan. He was present at the meeting, in which the resolution was moved and carried A. P.

Dr. B. S. Moonjee has been elected president of the Hindu Sabha Conference to be held at Darbhanga on the 20th and 21st July. He has also been requested to attend the annual meeting of the Hindu Sabha, Barabazar, Calcutta, which will be held immediately after the Darbhanga Conference—Free Press.

Responsivist leaders, Messrs. Kelkar and Jayakar, Dr. Moonje and Pandit Malaviya with some provincial leaders of the party are going on a tour in Bengal for about a week in the latter half of July.—Free Press.

The Calcutta Public Health Department notification states that the Bengal Government have decided to subsidise an intensive campaign against kalaazar commencing from the current year at an aggregate cost of Rs. 2,00,000. The scheme includes establishment of several hundred treatment centres under district boards.—Free Press.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay received the Raja of Mudhol at Government House Ganeshkhind on Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay visited "Lodge Ubique in the East" Kirkee on Tuesday.

BOMBAY BROTHEL TRAGEDY

JURY'S VERDICT

Circumstances surrounding the death of Usman Haji Abu (24) a butcher of Bandra, who was stabbed with a pen-knife by some butchers of Bombay on the night of 24th ultimo in the brothel of one Fatmabai at Falkland Road, were investigated by the Coroner on Wednesday. The police arrested five suspects as the alleged assailants of the deceased, viz: (1) Kadir, (2) Malang, (3) Umar, (4) Mohmed, and (5) Khuddus. They were present in the Court.

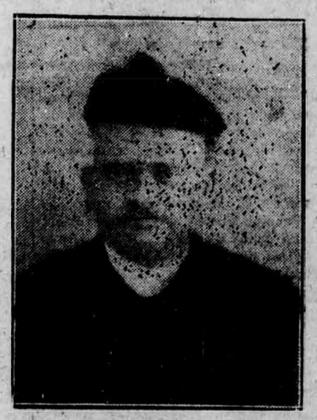
Mr. Frank Olivera, Advocate, appeared for suspect Nos. 1 and 2.

Fatmabai, the brothel-keeper in her evidence said a girl named Sitabai was in her brothel. Besides two girls, Bhagoobai and Yamnabai also came to her brothel in the evenings to earn by prostitution. On the 23rd June last six butchers came to her brothel from Bandra. The first four suspects had also come. The suspect Kader Ismail abused the Bandra butchers. After abusing the Bandra butchers Kader Ismail went out and after some time returned and again began abusing them. One of the Bandra butchers named Abdul Jagan struck him. The Bandra butchers then went away. The next night at 10 o'clock Kadir Ismail again came to her brothel when suspect No. 4 was with him. They inquired if Bandra butchers had come and witness replied in the negative. After some time four Bandra butchers turned up. The deceased was among them.

THE ASSAULT.

The three prostitutes, Bhagubai, Yamnabai and Sittabai were in the room. Later on suspects 1 and 4 turned up and were followed by 10 or 12 persons. Suspect No. 4 asked Kader "which is the man?" Kader pointed out the deceased who was seated on a chair. Suspects No. 1 and 4 then started a row with the men who had followed them.

THE LATE MR. H. S. DIKSHIT



Mr. Hari Sitaram Dikshit, well-known solicitor of Bombay, died suddenly of heart failure on Monday morning in train on his way to Bombay from Vile Parle.

Suspect No. 1 who had a pen-knife in his hand struck the deceased with it. The other assailants attack the three companions of the deceased. The deceased and his assailants then went away.

Cross-examined by Mr. Olivera witness said Kader had been visiting her brothel for a year and a half. On Bakri-Id night Kader came and asked for a girl. Witness replied some Bandra butchers had come and there was no girl to spare. He used foul language for Bandra butchers and one of them struck Kader.

JURY'S VERDICT.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to haemorrhage caused by stab-wounds inflicted by suspect No. 1 not with the intention of murder in which suspects No. 2—4 abetted with him.

"THE DARWIN OF BOTANY."

BRITISH TRIBUTE TO SIR JAGADISH BOSE.

The British Indian Union did well, says, "The Manchester Guardian" to celebrate the scientific work of Sir Jagadis Bose. This wise man of the East has been called the "Darwin of botany", but the phrase is not a happy one. The Darwinian theory of natural selection laid its emphasis on the conflict underlying existence, while the researches for which Sir Jagadis has been most renowned have thrown new light upon the unity of nature. When Tennyson held that fully to understand the flower in the crannied wall might also be to understand the universe, he hinted dimly at the extraordinary discoveries about the similarities of animal and vegetable life of which the Bose Institute has been so important a centre. There is no essential contradiction between the nineteenth century's science which studied Nature's red tooth and claw and the twentieth century's investigation of the web of life in which so many harmonies and alliances have been revealed. Twentieth century knowledge has not rejected the earlier wisdom, but it has redressed the balance by giving to evolution a greater aspect of creative purpose and by removing the taint of wanton blood-guiltiness and cruelty. Sir Jagadis Bose has viewed the life of the forest as a kind of unity in which the flora are closely related to the fauna, and his investigations into the nervous system of plants have led him to a new knowledge which overthrows our conception of the lilies of the field as remote and unfeeling adjuncts of animal life. From the new position utilitarian results may follow, and, as Lord Lee pointed out, a drastic campaign against the boll-weevil might follow successfully from the new science which teaches us how to retard the growth of a plant as though it were a human being. If the boll-weevil came before the cotton was ready to entertain it, it would cease to come at all, and to interfere with the seasonal punctuality of the cotton may soon be practical politics. If it is replied that the boll-weevil would learn to adjust its time-table to the new schedule, it may be argued that botanical science, which has already learned so much, will rapidly learn to keep one step ahead of the pursuing plague; but there remains a gap in which the pest would be outwitted, and during this interval we can confidently look to such science as that for which the Bose Institute is famous to make further strides towards that comprehensive knowledge whose formal completeness carries with it an equal power of practical human service.

GUJARATI SCHOOL TEXT BOOKS.

THEIR UNSUITABILITY

On Wednesday evening Mr. Kashiram Pragji Upadhyaya, delivered a lecture on the observation of "The Merits and Demerits of the Present Gujarati Reading Series" under the auspices of the Parsee Lekhak Mandal. It was presided over by Mrs. Stockbrige—the Inspectress of Government Girls' Schools. The lecture was attended by the teachers of many schools of Bombay.

Mr. Upadhyaya read some lessons of the Gujarati Third Book and proved to the conviction of the hearers that the Third Book was the best of the whole lot. Its common lessons were composed by the lecturer himself. Then he took up the subject of the Fourth Book and showed to the audience several mistakes of grammar, composition and thought. Then he took up and read one poetry whose heading was "Today and Yesterday" and by analysing every one of the poetry he proved that the poetry was overflowing with absurd ideas and uncouth poetical thoughts. There are, he said, some lines in the poetry whose meaning can be grasped by the hard process of implication. The lower standard students, he rightly remarked, needs easy poetry of Kavi Dulputram where every word has an easy meaning. While criticising the Fifth Book of the Series Mr. Upadhyaya said that its lessons, poetry and pictures are not what they ought to be. Like the Third Book, Mr. Upadhaya said, the Gujarati Sixth Book is the next best in the whole Series. Lessons in the book are written with precision and in easy but forceful language. Poems are with a few exceptions, all old and, therefore good though not the very best. Many pictures are natural and life-like.

While commenting on the Seventh Book, he expressed his surprise as to the language and style which make up the book. By citing a number of provincialism and slang words from the body of the book Mr. Upadhyaya proved to the full satisfaction of the hearers and the President that the writer of the book or a part of it must be a villager whom good luck must have raised to a high place in literature. Some lessons are so composed that the facts narrated in them do not conform to the result of the demonstrations. While the Sixth Book has several slips of print for which "The Times of India" Press is mostly responsible and a few mistakes of other kinds, every page of the Seventh Book is overflowing with mistakes of grammar.

He concluded by appealing to the audience to take speedy means so that their children may get instruction in the best and the most correct way. What is, he said, most wonderful is that while any of the English Series has been found utterly faultless our Gujarati Text Books present matter totally unfit for the mental digestion of the innocent children of the soil. Yet he said, a greater wonder is that the parents of the most enlightened public of Bombay are yet soundly sleeping over this all important and urgent subject. Then Mrs. Stockbridge concluded the lecture by expressing her individual view on the subject in vivid Gujarati language. The whole audience was surprised to hear Mrs. Stockbridge to be at her best while delivering her speech in pure simple Gujarati.

PUNJAB CONGRESS OPIUM ENQUIRY

LAHORE, July 7.

Under the inspiration of Mr. C. F. Andrews the Punjab Congressmen started last year an Opium Enquiry in the Punjab on the lines of the Assam Congress Enquiry. The enquiry has been going on but there are signs that since Mr. Andrews' return from South Africa the investigators have received fresh impetus to their interest in the matter. Mr. Andrews writes in the anniversary number of Lala Lajpatrai's weekly "The People" that one of the greatest factors in the Punjab opium reform will be to check almost unlimited growth of poppy in the Simla Hill States and in the Rajputana States and he suggests that the Central Government should use its power to check poppy cultivation in those regions.—A. P.

MR. JUSTICE MIRZA ALI AKBAR KHAN.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

The appointments to the Benches of the High Courts in India are made primarily on the basis of the forensic abilities of the postulants. Considerations of communalism, however, have to enter into the Government's calculations. They cannot, unfortunately, be set aside till the bulk of our countrymen decide to live as Indians and not as adherents to this or that religious creed. The choice has, therefore, sometimes to be limited to a particular community. His Majesty has confirmed the appointment of Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan to the seat on the High Court Bench, Bombay in succession to Mr. Kajiji. The choice will be acclaimed as the happiest by every community in this city. Mr. Justice Khan is a most accomplished exponent of Iranian culture with which he combines higher education of the West as well as what is of the best in Indians' indigenous civilization. The distinguished Musalman gentleman has the peculiar good fortune of being one of those men above the average who are appreciated by their own community. He is a prophet honoured in his own country. In an unobstrusive way he has been forwarding many popular activities like the Iran Movement and has been giving sound advice which is often prosaic in contrast to the shady sentimentality of others. Whether an appreciable number of Parsis ultimately settle in Persia or not, it is a sign of the times that Musalmans of eminence like the capable jurist on the Bombay Bench have realised both the advantage and the inherent difficulties of the venture. Mr. M.A. Khan was Consul for Persia for nearly eighteen years during which period he furthered the interests both of Persia and India with credit to himself. Being a respected honorary officer he was in a position sometimes to adopt measures in anticipation of sanction from the Teheran authorities. The elevation of Mr. Justice Khan reminds one of his predecessor Mr. Justice Tyabji, who was a friend and colleague of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta and attended the Congress while on the Bench. In the present chaotic condition of Indian politics it is not surprising that men of vision and insight appear to bide their time. It was only last year that Sir Prabhashanker Pattani declared that India needed a rest cure after the convulsive and breathless agitation of the last few years and that we were not hastening slowly. With his ability and innate suavity, one may fairly predict that Mr. Justice Khan will in due course occupy a position now sometimes assigned to Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy who is regarded as the head not only of the Parsi community but of the Indians in general of the Bombay Presidency.

COMPANY MEETING.

TATA OIL MILLS CO. LTD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Tata Oil Mills Co., Ltd. was held on Wednesday, at Bombay House. Mr. N. B. Saklatwalla, presiding.

The following scheme was placed before the meeting:

1. That on account of the debt due to Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., agents, amounting to Rs. 34,97,200|- to make the following composition:

(a) They give up Rs. 9,97,200|- and make no claim in respect thereof. (b) They agree to take non-cumulative preference shares of the company of the nominal value of Rs. 22 lakhs bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum and to rank in a winding up as regards capital only in priority to all other shares in full satisfaction. (c) They allow the remaining sum of Rs. 3 lakhs to continue as a loan to the company but without interest.

2. (a) That the Directors do call by way of capital on the 29,706 new shares a sum of Rs. 60. (b) That the Directors if necessary call by way of premium on each of such 29,706 new shares a sum not exceeding Rs. 20 per share as will, with the moneys called by way of capital, realise a sum of Rs. 18 lakhs. (3) On Rs. 60 being called up by way of capital and Rs. 20 or a lesser sum by way of premium, the remaining liability in respect of any premium uncalled on the new ordinary shares shall be deemed to be extinguished.

After the calling up of the capital all the shares of Rs. 100 (ordinary) will be reduced to Rs. 25 per share. To the reduced capital of 22 lakhs will be added Rs. 22 lakhs worth of Preference shares given to Tata Sons against their advances to the Company.

After some discussion the shareholders were asked to register their votes, for or against the scheme, and the Chairman said as there was practically no opposition it was almost approved by the meeting, and that he would communicate the result to the High Court in due course.

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HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.

The following are extracts from the 35th Annual Report of the Hindu Mutual Life Assurance, Ltd., of Calcutta, for 1925-26 which will be presented before the annual general meeting of the members of the Company to be held at Calcutta on 18th instant:—

During the year under review, 395 proposals were received for Assurance of Rs. 4,83,750 against Rs. 5,47,000 for previous year. Out of this 387 proposals for Rs. 4,72,250 were accepted, 6 for Rs. 10,500 were rejected on medical grounds, 2 for Rs. 1,000 were incomplete or under consideration when the year ended.

Out of 387 proposals accepted, assuring Rs. 4,72,250, 328 matured into policies as under:—

Classes of Policy	Number	Sum Assured.
Whole Life	30	50,250
Whole Life Limited Payments	20	20,250
Endowment Assurance	278	3,12,750
	328	3,83,250

The remaining persons to whom acceptances were issued, did not send their first premiums within the period under review.

The new business carries with it an annual premium income of Rs. 18,440-11-0. The results are largely due to the willing co-operation of our energetic Provincial Chief Agents especialy those of North Bengal and Behar, Hyderabad (Deccan) and Assam.

6 Policies assuring Rs. 8,000 with an annual premium of Rs. 503-4-0 on which no commission will have to be paid has been secured by the Secretary by correspondence. 146 Policies assuring Rs. 1,57,000 lapsed during the year under review. These lapses have also induced the Board to exercise stricter supervision on selection of business. 5 Policies for Rs. 4,750 were revived during the year as against 9 for Rs. 8,500 last year. The outstanding claim on 31st March 1925 was Rs. 23,412-10-4 1|2. The claims for the year under review amounted to Rs. 50,485 so the total claim dealt with during the year was Rs. 73,897-10-4 1|2.

The outstanding claim on 31st March 1926 was Rs. 25,444-5-3 so that a sum of Rs. 48,453-5-1 1|2 as against Rs. 37,008-15-4 1|2 last year has been disbursed during the year under review. Provision was made for further payments, but no other case could be made ready before 31st March last.

Total number of Policies in force on 31st March, 1926 was 1659 assuring Rs. 19,34,721.

The investments of the Office, at the end of the official year were Rs. 4,04,338-8-10.

The amount of securities with the Official Trustees shows a little decrease from last year's total. This is due to an over-investment made by him last year, the securities comprising the over-investment were however paid for and transferred to the Controller of Currency. The amount of Life Assurances Fund on 31st March, 1926 stood at Rs. 3,72,515-10-5. All possible weakness from the Balance Sheet has been eliminated by applying the General Reserve in writing off doubtful assets and lowering the value of the lands to strengthtn the position of the Valuation Balance Sheet. Still there has been a substantial increase in the Assurance Fund.

PROF. K. T. SHAH'S APPOINTMENT.

SENATE DISCUSSION IN CAMERA.

An adjourned Committee meeting of the Senate of the Bombay University was held on Tuesday evening, Sir C. H. Setalvad, Vice-Chancellor presiding, [illegible] tives to withdraw.

Consideration was resumed on the question of Intermediate examinations in arts discussed the previous day.

Rev. Fr. J. Duhr pointed out a defect in the course fixed on the previous day in regard to the first year's art examination and suggested the insertion of a fourth group of economics and history.

Dr. R. P. Paranjpye said the only way out of the difficulty would be to make the vernacular optional and give the students an alternative of passing the paper in English.

Rev. J. McKenzie thought the proposal of Rev. Fr. Duhr unsatisfactory from educational point of view as under the present course the student was required to take mathematics and physics. He opposed the idea of making the course easier for the benefit of those who could not take a vernacular and supported the proposal to accept the three alternative groups agreed to by the committee the previous day.

Rev. Fr. Duhr:—The group of vernacular and history completely changes the first year's course.

Principal Kanitker:—There are students who cannot follow mathematics.

The Vice-Chancellor suggested to keep to what they had done the previous day otherwise he said there would be no finality in the matter.

The question was then put to the vote by the Vice-Chancellor to keep the course decided upon on Monday and it was agreed to.

Mr. Mirza A. M. Khan then moved the additional alternative of a paper in the same period in English history in connection with the history course fixed on the previous day, viz: histories of Greece and Rome and Indian history, but the motion was lost.

Mr. Mirza's amendment regarding the alternative courses for the Intermediate Arts examination was then considered and after some discussion it was agreed to leave the intermediate course as it was at present by 39 votes to 23.

This finished the work of the Committee.

MOTION OF ADOPTION OF COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

Principal Kanitker then moved for the adoption of the Committee's report.

Mr. K. M. Munshi moved an amendment for the insertion of a third alternative group consisting of vernacular and economics. He deprecated the idea of treating the vernacular as a step-daughter of the University.

The amendment was put to the vote and was declared lost by 28 votes against 25.

Dr. K. G. Naik asked for a division and resulted in 25 votes against 34.

Principal Kanitker's proposition was declared carried.

BUDGET ESTIMATES OF UNIVERSITY.

A meeting of the Senate was then held.

Dr. Harold Mann moved the adoption of the Budget estimates of the University for the year 1926-27 as recommended by the Syndicate.

Dr. R. P. Paranjpye and Dr. A. G. Viegas urged for a reduction of fees as they considered exorbitant for a poor country like India.

Dr. Harold Mann promised to consider the question in the next budget.

The proposition was carried.

POST-GRADUATE LECTURERS.

On the motion of Mr. P. V. Kane the following resolution was agreed to:

That the following gentlemen be appointed Postgraduate Lecturers for the next academic year in the subjects mentioned against their names on an honorarium of Rs. 1,200 each:—

Dr. V. S. Sukthankar, M.A., Ph.D.—Subject—Comparative Philology.

The Rev. R. Zimmermann, S.J., Ph.D.—Subject—Vedic Studies.

Dr. S. K. Belvalkar, M.A., Ph.D.—Subject—Vedantic Studies.

Dr. Jal D. C. Pavry, M.A., Ph.D.—Subject—The Literary History of Persia from the Gathas of Zoroaster to the Pahlavi Literature of the Sassanian Times.

At this stage Prof. K. T. Shah left the Senate Hall as the next item on the agenda was in reference to his post.

RE-APPOINTMENT OF PROF. SHAH.

Dr. R. N. Ranina then moved:—

"That Mr. K. T. Shah, B.A. (Bom.), B.Sc., Econ. (Lon.), Bar-at-Law, be re-appointed, subject to approval by Government, Professor of Economics in the University School of Economics and Sociology on a monthly salary of Rs. 1,200 from the 10th November 1926 to the 30th June 1927."

Mr. K. M. Munshi seconded the proposition.

Prof. Kane moved adjournment of the question and at this stage the Vice-Chancellor asked the press representatives to withdraw.

C. P. NOTES

PROGRESS OF UNIVERSITY BUILDING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, July 4.

At a recent meeting of the Nagpur Municipal Committee, a sub-committee has been appointed consisting of Sir B. K. Bose, Sir M. B. Dadabhoy, Mr. S. B. Mehta, Mr. B. S. Niyogi and others to consider the question of town improvement.

The Bilaspur Municipality has decided to introduce compulsory primary education for boys among all classes and communities residing within the municipal limits.

UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS.

The Convocation Hall, the office building and the Library building are making very rapid progress. All the buildings will be fitted up with water flushed drain connected closets and lavatories. Arrangements are in progress to have furniture in the best style for both the buildings. Rooms for the servants, a godown and a cook room with dining room for students who will be coming here during the tournament week have also been constructed at the extreme east end of the land. It is proposed to have a garage for cars of members attending meetings.

RESPONSIVISTS ROUTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, July 4.

The Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has accepted Mr. B. J. Marathe, the Editor of "Swatantrya", as a Congress candidate for the Nasik District in the ensuing Council election. Mr. R. G. Pradhan, the Liberal of yesterday, has been adopted as a Responsivist by the Poona coterie. Mr. Marathe is a staunch Congressman, and an able worker in Congress politics of this district, and consequently his candidature has disturbed the sleep of the Responsivists. The Responsivists requisitioned a general meeting of Congress members to oppose Mr. Marathe's candidature and enrolled about 216 new members, but in spite of this the Congress party had a decided majority. The general meeting was held in the Town Hall and Mr. V. B. Akut presided. Being disappointed in their effort to secure a majority, the Responsivists unconstitutionally proposed another president, but the proposal was rejected by an overwhelming majority. The Responsivists grew wild and the meeting became unmanageable and Mr. Akut had to dissolve the meeting without transacting any business.

The Magisterial enquiry into the disturbances at Jhusi during Bakr-Id commenced on Tuesday at Allahabad before Mr. A. R. Gill, Senior Deputy Collector and Magistrate of First Class, Allahabad. There are 52 Hindu accused, who are being defended by Mr. A. P. Dube, Barrister, and others. The case is being heard in Mayo Hall.

At its recent meeting held at Patna, the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Hindu Sabha postponed consideration of the election question and passed resolutions emphatically protesting against the policy of Bengal Government as announced in its recent communique on the vexed question of music in front of mosques.

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BOMBAY'S JAIL PROBLEMS.

TWO FEATURES OF LAST YEAR'S ADMINISTRATION

A reduction in expenditure and an increase in the profits from jail labour are two of the special features of the annual report of the Bombay Jail Department for 1925. The average population of the jails was 12,324 as against 12,466 in the previous year. The number of convicted prisoners admitted during the year was 15,781 as compared with 15,275, a slight increase of 506; but the number of under-trial prisoners show a considerable increase, the total number admitted during the year was 78,143 as against 71,548—an increase of 6,595. The reasons for the growth in the number of arrests are being investigated.

277 prisoners were released under the orders of the Government, of these 118 were on the recommendation of Advisory Boards. 5,193 prisoners were released under the remission system. There was an increase of 25 in the number of juvenile criminals, the total admitted being 70. Juvenile crime appears to be increasing as in addition to the large number of children sent to prison 392 persons under 16 years of age were released by magistrates on probation of good conduct, as compared with 285 last year. Measures for the better treatment of juvenile offenders are under consideration.

Further progress was made during the year for a scheme to convert the Juvenile Jail at Dharwar into a Borstal Institution. The scheme provides for cellular accommodation for 400 boys together with the necessary work-shops and school rooms at an estimated cost of Rs. 4,17,098. One hundred and fifty-four prisoners from years 16 to 20 were admitted into the Dharwar Juvenile Jail as compared with 204 during the previous year.

DISCIPLINE.

Jail discipline during the year appears to have been quite satisfactory. The imposition of fetters for punishment or security continues to diminish as will be seen from the following figures:—

Fetters:—1921 10,702, 1922 8,864, 1923 7,343, 1924 6,781, 1925 5,985.

Nine convicted prisoners escaped from the larger prisons—all from extramural gangs—as compared wth 12 in 1924, and of these seven were recaptured. The number of jail offences dealt with by Criminal courts rose from 48 to 76, but those dealt with by Superintendents fell from 22,690 to 19,312. The majority of these related to work. There were 2,692 offences connected with prohibited articles as compared with 2,874 in the preceding year.

The sick rate recorded a further decline from the low figures recorded in 1924 but the death rates somewhat increased owing to an epidemic of Cere-bro-Spinal Meningitis at Hyderabad Central Prison. The average daily sick rate was 204.3 as compared with 264.2 last year. The total number of deaths was 137 as against 128. Bombay ranks 4th amongst Indian provinces in point of jail death rates.

Burma	.....	10.3 per 1000
United Provinces	.....	10.9 per 1000
Central Provinces	.....	11.0 per 1000
Bombay	.....	11.1 per 1000

Overcrowding continues to be a feature of the jails. When all the building schemes which have been approved by Government are completed, there will normally be just about sufficient accommodation in the Presidency proper and Sind without excessive overcrowding.

JAIL INDUSTRIES.

The jail industries showed a net profit of Rs. 250,569, as compared with Rs. 242,938 in the previous year. The organisation of jail industries has received the attention of Government and the Inspector General of Prisons has suggested the appointment of a Committee for this purpose.

The total cost of guarding and maintaining prisoners was Rs. 18,82,134 and the average cost per head was Rs. 153.6.1 as compared with Rs. 19,72,181 and Rs. 158-9-2 in the previous year. The decrease was partly due to a somewhat smaller population and partly to economies effected by the Inspector General of Prisons.

After deducting profits earned by jail factories the net cost amounted to Rs. 16,31,565 (Rs. 131 per head) as against Rs. 17,29,243 (Rs. 139 per head) in 1924.

BENGAL JUTE CROP PROSPECTS.

CALCUTTA, July 6.

The preliminary forecast of the jute crop for 1926 in the 26 districts of Bengal including Cooch Behar and Tripura State, Behar and Orissa and Assam has been issued to-day. The noteworthy feature of it is the increase of acreage, in all provinces, as compared with the figures of the last year. The total area for Bengal this year is 3,156,900 acres for Bihar and Orissa 280,000 and for Assam 168,100 compared with 2,715,500 and 263,200 and 136,500 respectively.—A.P.

Mr. T. V. Parvate, formerly of the "Lokamanya" is appointed Editor of the "Lokamitra," and English Nationalist weekly of the Central Provinces and Berar and published from Chhindwara.

On the morning of the 4th inst. Sri C. Rajagopalachariar and Gangadhar Rao Deshpande had a heart-to-heart talk with the spinners of Bangalore. They heard their various difficulties and a local advisory body was constituted. The new Khadi Depot is to work under the direct supervision of the All India Khaddar Board.

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ADEN NOTES

DEATH OF A POPULAR POSTMASTER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ADEN, June 27.

Mr. Glyspe, the Postmaster of Aden died of enteric fever on the morning of the 24th instant at the European General Hospital. Mr. Glyspe was responsible for many a reform introduced by him in the Aden Post Office, and it is owing to his untiring energy that he got both the Head and the branch Offices at Tawahi and Crater extended. The only thing in which he could not succeed was the sanctioning of a Post Office Van for the Aden P.O. which would have expedited the transmission of both the Indian and English mails now done by private agency and which consequently takes more time than older "Aden Mail Coach" days.

A MOTOR ACCIDENT.

A motor accident occurred on the 25th instant between Maalla and Barrier Gate near Petrol Sheds. On this particular day the motor traffic between Crater and Sheikh Othman was exceptionally heavy owing to the fair of Hashem-al-Bahr, the saint of Sheikh Othman. Thousands of people flock from all over Aden and hinterland of Arabia to see this fair. A young Officer of the Eastern Telegraphic Co., who seems to have been much in a hurry to witness the fair, dashed along at full speed on his motor-cycle towards Sheikh Othman when near the Petroleum Sheds a Ford Taxi shot into the way of the Motor-cyclist both forgetting to use the horns with the consequence that the front wheel of the cycle dashed inside the radiater of the motor car. The cyclist was flung several yards of his seat and received severe injuries on his arms, head and other parts of the body.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO OFFICER.

At 12-45 p.m. on Saturday, the 26th instant a sound like the bursting of a bomb was heard, followed by another which was heard to a great distance at Crater. This was the sound of the falling of the roof of the Indian Infantry Mess at Crater. Two officers after lunch were chit chatting on the ground floor while the butler stood with a receipt book in hand. All of a sudden the top roof gave way. The butler thinking that some furniture got upsetted in the second floor left the room. He hardly came out when the roof of the 2nd floor collapsed. A Lieut. who was standing near the door was so confused by this accident that he aimlessly ran towards the verandah injuring his forehead by the wooden post, and jumped from the window in the open space about twelve feet high. The second officer, a captain in rank who was sitting on a chair could not get time to run and was consequently buried under a mass of debris and furniture. As usual the civilians were the first to run to the scene of the accident. The butler was seen running towards the bungalow of the Officer Commanding of this 4th Battalion, 11th Sikh Regiment. The O. C. rushed out of his bungalow and raised an alarm. Thanks to the discipline of the military people. Within ten minutes nearly whole regiment was turned out with shovels picked axes and the buried Captain was extricated from the heap of stones, chunam, rafters and planks; but the injuries were very serious. The officer succumbed to his injuries.

SINDH NEWS

TRIAL OF PIR MUJADID

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD (Sind), July 3.

Pir Mujadid of Matiari, spiritual head of a vast number of Sindh Mahomedans and a leading Khilafatist, is being tried in the Court of the City Magistrate of Hyderabad. The prosecution evidence has been concluded and the learned Magistrate after hearing the prosecution and defence arguments has framed charges under Sections 323 and 34 against the accused.

The prosecution story is that while the District Superintendent of Police was encamped at Matiari, a mounted police constable had gone on the night of 26th April to the public camel stand of the village to fetch some camels on the order of his Head Constable as the Superintendent and the Police Inspector had to shift their camps the next morning. There the constable at the instigation of the Pir was bound and beaten. During the course of his cross-examination, the District Superintendent of Police made a startling statement that, according to the code of District officers, a person who was not titled or enjoyed any official privileges or favours was not recognised as respectable and added that the Non-co-operators considered prisons as their paternal homes; hence it did not strike him that by being locked up, the Pir would feel disrespected.

The Hyderabad citizens have been greatly perturbed at the recent election of the Municipal President as it is greatly apprehended that the administrative affairs of the Hyderabad Municipality which are already disorderly, will undergo now a rapid retrogression. Government intervention is being considered very necessary at this stage.

The Hyderabad Post Office is getting a very bad reputation for the habit of missing peoples' post.

The District Local Board of Hyderabad have provided for 17 free scholarships being awarded to Hindu students.

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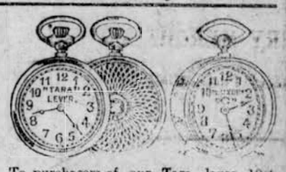

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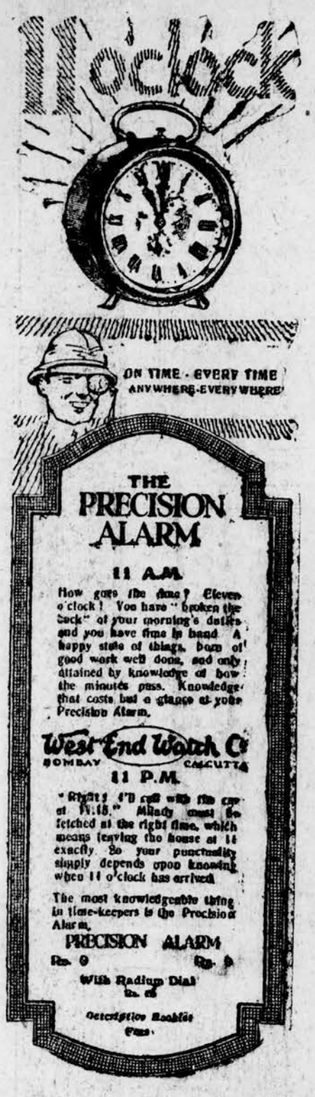
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